B.SC., PHYSICS

SYLLABUS

FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2023-2024

TAMILNADU STATE COUNCIL FOR HIGHER EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 005

B.Sc., PHYSICS SYLLABUS

Preamble

Physics is one of the basic and fundamental sciences. The curriculum for the undergraduate programme in Physics is revised as per the UGC guidelines on Learning Outcome based Course Framework. The learner-centric courses let the student progressively develop a deeper understanding of various aspects of physics.

The new curriculum offer courses in the core areas of mechanics, acoustics, optics and spectroscopy, electricity and magnetism, atomic and nuclear physics, solid state, electronics and other fields. The courses will train students with sound theoretical and experimental knowledge that suits the need of academics and industry. In addition to the theoretical course work, the students also learn physics laboratory methods for different branches of physics, specialized measurement techniques, analysis of observational data, including error estimation and etc. The students will have deeper understanding of laws of nature through the subjects like classical mechanics, quantum mechanics, statistical physics etc. The problem solving ability of students will be enhanced. The students can apply principles in physics to real life problems. The courses like integrated electronics and microprocessors will enhance the logical skills as well as employability skills. The numerical methods and mathematical physics provide analytical thinking and provides a better platform for higher level physics for research.

The restructured courses with well-defined objectives and learning outcomes, provide guidance to prospective students in choosing the elective courses to broaden their skills not only in the field of physics but also in interdisciplinary areas. The elective modules of the framework offer students choice to gain knowledge and expertise in specialized domains of physics like astrophysics, medical physics, etc.

| TANSCHE REGULATIONS ON LEARNING OUTCOMES-BASED CURRICULUM | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | FRAMEWORK FOR | | | | | | | |
| UNDERGRADUATE EDUCATION | | | | | | | | |
| Programme | B.Sc., Physics | | | | | | | |
| Programme | | | | | | | | |
| Code | | | | | | | | |
| Duration | 3 years [UG] | | | | | | | |
| Programme | PO1: Disciplinary knowledge: | | | | | | | |
| Outcomes: | Capable of demonstrating comprehensive knowledge and understanding | | | | | | | |
| (These are | of one or more disciplines that form a part of an undergraduate | | | | | | | |
| mere guide | programme of study | | | | | | | |
| lines. Faculty | PO2: Communication Skills: | | | | | | | |
| can create POs | Ability to express thoughts and ideas effectively in writing and orally | | | | | | | |
| based on their | communicate with others using appropriate media; confidently share | | | | | | | |
| curriculum or | one's views and express herself/himself; demonstrate the ability to listen | | | | | | | |
| adopt from | carefully; read and write analytically and present complex information in | | | | | | | |
| UGC or the | a clear and concise manner to different groups. | | | | | | | |
| University for | PO3: Critical thinking: | | | | | | | |
| their | Capability to apply the analytic thought to a body of knowledge; analyse | | | | | | | |
| Programme) | and evaluate the proofs, arguments, claims, beliefs on the basis of | | | | | | | |
| | empirical evidences; identify relevant assumptions or implications; | | | | | | | |
| | formulate coherent arguments; critically evaluate practices, policies and | | | | | | | |
| | theories by following scientific approach. | | | | | | | |

PO4: Problem solving:

Capacity to extrapolate from what one has learned and apply their competencies to solve different kinds of non-familiar problems, rather than replicate curriculum content knowledge; and apply one's learning to real life situations.

PO5: Analytical reasoning:

Ability to evaluate the reliability and relevance of evidence; identify logical flaws and holes in the arguments of others; analyze and synthesize data from a variety of sources; draw valid conclusions and support them with evidence and examples, and addressing opposing viewpoints.

PO6: Research-related skills:

A sense of inquiry and capability for asking relevant/appropriate questions, problem arising, synthesising and articulating; Ability to recognise cause-and-effect relationships, define problems, formulate hypotheses, test hypotheses, analyse, interpret and draw conclusions from data, establish hypotheses, predict cause-and-effect relationships; ability to plan, execute and report the results of an experiment or investigation

PO7: Cooperation/Team work:

Ability to work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams; facilitate cooperative or coordinated effort on the part of a group, and act together as a group or a team in the interests of a common cause and work efficiently as a member of a team

PO8: Scientific reasoning:

Ability to analyse, interpret and draw conclusions from quantitative/qualitative data; and critically evaluate ideas, evidence and experiences from an open-minded and reasoned perspective.

PO9: Reflective thinking:

Critical sensibility to lived experiences, with self-awareness and reflexivity of both self and society.

PO10 Information/digital literacy:

Capability to use ICT in a variety of learning situations, demonstrate ability to access, evaluate, and use a variety of relevant information sources; and use appropriate software for analysis of data.

PO 11 Self-directed learning:

Ability to work independently, identify appropriate resources required for a project, and manage a project through to completion.

PO 12 Multicultural competence:

Possess knowledge of the values and beliefs of multiple cultures and a global perspective; and capability to effectively engage in a multicultural society and interact respectfully with diverse groups.

PO 13: Moral and ethical awareness/reasoning:

Ability to embrace moral/ethical values in conducting one's life, formulate a position/argument about an ethical issue from multiple perspectives, and use ethical practices in all work. Capable of demonstrating the ability to identify ethical issues related to one's work, avoid unethical behaviour such as fabrication, falsification or misrepresentation of data or committing plagiarism, not adhering to intellectual property rights; appreciating environmental and sustainability

issues; and adopting objective, unbiased and truthful actions in all aspects of work.

PO 14: Leadership readiness/qualities:

Capability for mapping out the tasks of a team or an organization, and setting direction, formulating an inspiring vision, building a team who can help achieve the vision, motivating and inspiring team members to engage with that vision, and using management skills to guide people to the right destination, in a smooth and efficient way.

PO 15: Lifelong learning:

Ability to acquire knowledge and skills, including "learning how to learn", that are necessary for participating in learning activities throughout life, through self-paced and self-directed learning aimed at personal development, meeting economic, social and cultural objectives, and adapting to changing trades and demands of work place through knowledge/skill development/reskilling.

Programme Specific Outcomes:

PSO1: Placement:

To prepare the students who will demonstrate respectful engagement with others' ideas, behaviors, and beliefs and apply diverse frames of reference to decisions and actions.

(These are mere guidelines. Faculty can create POs based on their curriculum or adopt from

University for

Programme)

UGC or

their

PSO 2: Entrepreneur:

To create effective entrepreneurs by enhancing their critical thinking, problem solving, decision making and leadership skill that will facilitate start-ups and high potential organizations

PSO3: Research and Development:

Design and implement HR systems and practices grounded in research that comply with employment laws, leading the organization towards growth and development.

PSO4: Contribution to Business World:

To produce employable, ethical and innovative professionals to sustain in the dynamic business world.

PSO 5: Contribution to the Society:

To contribute to the development of the society by collaborating with stakeholders for mutual benefit

ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY, KARAIKUDI NEW SYLLABUS UNDER CBCS PATTERN (w.e.f.2023-24) B.Sc. PHYSICS - PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

| Sem | Part | Course Courses Title of the Paper | | T/P | Cr. | Hrs./ | Max. Marks | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----|-------|------------|-------|---------------------------|-------|---|---|----|----|-----|
| | 1 alt | Code | | Title of the Laper | | | Week | Int. | Ext. | Total | | | | | |
| | I | 2311T | T/OL | தமிழ் இலக்கிய வரலாறு I /Other Languages -I | T | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | II | 2312E | Е | General English - I | | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | | 23BPH1C1 | CC-I | Properties of Matter and Acoustics | Т | 5 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | | 23BPH1P1 | CC-II | Practical I Properties of Matter | P | 3 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| I | III | - | Generic Elective (Allied) | Mathematics / Chemistry / Electronics / Computer Science | Т | 3 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | | | | Respective Allied Practical | P | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | IV | 23BPH1S1 | SEC -I | Physics for Everyday Life | T | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | 11 | 23BPH1FC | FC | Introductory Physics | T | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | | | | Total | | 23 | 30 | 200 | 600 | 800 | | | | | |
| | I | 2321T | T/OL | தமிழ் இலக்கிய வரலாறு II /Other Languages-II | Т | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | II | 2322E | Е | General English - II | T | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | III | 23BPH2C1 | CC-III | Heat, Thermodynamics and Statistical Physics | Т | 5 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| II | | 23BPH2P1 | CC-IV | Practical-II Heat, Oscillations, Waves and Sound | P | 3 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | | | Generic Elective | Mathematics / Chemistry / Electronics / Computer Science | Т | 3 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | | | (Allied) | Respective Allied Practical | P | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | | 23BPH2S1 | SEC -II | AstroPhysics | T | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | IV | 23BPH2S2 | SEC-III | Physics of Music | T | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | Naan Mudhalvan Course | | T | 2 | - | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | Total | | 23 | 30 | 200 | 600 | 800 | | | | | |
| | I | 2331T | T/OL | தமிழக வரலாறும் பண்பாடும் / Other Languages-III | Т | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | II | 2332E | Е | General English – III | T | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | | 23BPH3C1 | CC-V | Mechanics | T | 5 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 23BPH3P1 | CC-VI | Practical-III Electricity | P | 3 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | III | | Generic Elective | Mathematics / Chemistry / Electronics / Computer Science | T | 3 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | | | (Allied) | Respective Allied Practical | P | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | | 23BPH3S1 | SEC-IV | Entrepreneurship | T | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | IV | 233AT/ 22BPH3S2 | SEC-V | Adipadai Tamil / Home Electrical Installation | Т | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | | | | Naan Mudhalvan Course | T | 2 | - | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | | | | Total | | 23 | 30 | 200 | 600 | 800 | | | | | |
| IV | I | 2341T | T/OL | தமிழும் அறிவியலும் /Other Languages -IV | Т | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |
| | II | 2342E | Е | General English – IV | T | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 | | | | | |

| | | 23BPH4C1 | CC-VII | Optics and Laser Physics | T | 4 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|----|-----|------------------------------------|---------------------|--|----------|-----|----|------|------|------|
| | | 23BPH4P1 | CC-VIII | Practical – IV Light | P | 3 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | III | | Generic Elective | Mathematics / Chemistry / Electronics / Computer Science | Т | 3 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | | (Allied) | Respective Allied Practical | P | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | 23BPH4S1 | SEC-VI | Medical Physics | T | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | IV | 234AT/ 23BPH4S2 | SEC-VII | Adipadai Tamil / Physics of Medical Instruments | Т | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | 23BES4 | E.V.S | Environmental Studies | T | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | | | Naan Mudhalvan Course | T | 2 | - | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | | | Total | | 24 | 30 | 225 | 675 | 900 |
| | | | 1 | | | | • | 1 | • | • |
| | | 23BPH5C1 | CC-IX | Electricity, Magnetism and Electromagnetism | T | 4 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | 23BPH5C2 | CC-X | Atomic and Nuclear Physics | T | 4 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | 23BPH5C3 | CC-XI | Analog and Communication Electronics | T | 4 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | III | 23BPH5P1 | CC-XII | Practical – V General Physics | P | 4 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | 23BPH5E1/ 23BPH5E2/ 23BPH5E3 | DSE-I | Communication Systems / Energy Physics / Mathematical Physics | Т | 3 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| V | | 23BPH5E4/ 23BPH5E5/ 23BPH5E6 | DSE-II | Numerical Methods and C Programming / Material Science / Nano Science and Nano Technology | Т | 3 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | 23BVE5 | | Value Education | T | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | IV | 23BPH5I/ 23BPH5IV/ 23BPH5FV | | Internship / Industrial Visit / Field Visit | PR | 2 | - | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | | | Naan Mudhalvan Course | T | 2 | - | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | | | Total | | 26 | 30 | 200 | 600 | 800 |
| | | 23BPH6C1 | CC-XIII | Quantum Mechanics and Relativity | T | 4 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | 23BPH6C2 | CC-XIV | Solid State Physics | Т | 4 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | 23BPH6P1 | | Practical – VI Electronics | P | 4 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| VI | III | 23BPH6E1/ 23BPH6E2/ 23BPH6E3 | DSE-III | Digital Electronics and Microprocessor 8085/ Digital Photography / Medical Instrumentation | Т | 3 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| ,, | | 23BPH6E4/ 23BPH6E5/ 23BPH6PR | DSE-IV | Advanced Mathematical Physics / Laser and Fiber Optics / Project | T/ PR | 3 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | IV | 23BPH6S1 | | | | | | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | V | 23BEA6 | | Extension Activity | P | 1 | | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | | | Naan Mudhalvan Course | | 2 | - | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | | | Total | - | 21 | 30 | 175 | 525 | 700 |
| | | | | Grand Total | | 140 | | 1200 | 3600 | 4800 |

- > TOL-Tamil/Other Languages,
- \triangleright E English
- > CC-Core course
- ➤ Generic Elective (Allied)
- ➤ SEC-Skill Enhancement Course

- > FC-Foundation Course
- > DSE Discipline Specific Elective

ELECTIVES COURSES (EC)

- 1. COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS
- 2. ENERGY PHYSICS
- 3. MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS
- 4. NUMERICAL METHODS AND C PROGRAMMING
- 5. MATERIALS SCIENCE
- 6. NANO SCIENCE
- 7. DIGITAL PHOTOGRAPHY
- 8. MEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION
- 9. ADVANCED MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS
- 10. LASERS AND FIBER OPTICS

NON-MAJOR ELECTIVES (NME)

- 1. PHYSICS FOR EVERYDAY LIFE
- 2. ASTROPHYSICS
- 3. PHYSICS OF MUSIC
- 4. HOME ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION
- 5. MEDICAL PHYSICS
- 6. PHYSICS OF MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS

| COURSE | | FIRST SEMESTER -CORE THEORY 1 | | | | |
|-------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| COURSET | TTLE | PROPERTIES OF MATTER AND ACOUSTICS | | | | |
| CREDITS | | 5 Hours-6 COURSE CODE -23BPH1C1 | | | | |
| COURSE | | Study of the properties of matter leads to information which is of practical | | | | |
| OBJECTIV | VES | value to both the physicist and the engineers. It gives us information about | | | | |
| | | the internal forces which act between the constituent parts of the | | | | |
| | | substance. Students who undergo this course are successfully bound to get | | | | |
| | | a better insight and understanding of the subject. | | | | |
| UNITS | | COURSEDETAILS | | | | |
| | ELAS | FICITY: Hooke's law – stress-strain diagram – elastic constants –Poisson's | | | | |
| | | relation between elastic constants and Poisson's ratio – work done in | | | | |
| UNIT-I | | ng and twisting a wire – twisting couple on a cylinder – rigidity modulus by | | | | |
| | | orsion– torsional pendulum (with and without masses) | | | | |
| | | ING OF BEAMS: Cantilever— expression for Bending moment — | | | | |
| | | sion for depression at the loaded end of the cantilever— oscillations of a | | | | |
| *********** | | ver – expression for time period – experiment to find Young's modulus – | | | | |
| UNIT-II | | iform bending- experiment to determine Young's modulus by Koenig's | | | | |
| | | l – uniform bending – expression for elevation – experiment to determine | | | | |
| | | 's modulus using microscope | | | | |
| | FLUID | DYNAMICS: Surface tension: Definition – molecular forces– excess | | | | |
| | | e over curved surface – application to spherical and cylindrical drops and | | | | |
| | | s – determination of surface tension by Jaegar's method–variation of surface | | | | |
| UNIT-III | | with temperature | | | | |
| | Viscosi | sity: Definition – streamline and turbulent flow – rate of flow of liquid in a | | | | |
| | capillar | tube – Poiseuille's formula –corrections – terminal velocity and Stoke's | | | | |
| | formula | a– variation of viscosity with temperature | | | | |
| | WAVE | S AND OSCILLATIONS: Simple Harmonic Motion (SHM) – differential | | | | |
| | equatio | quation of SHM – graphical representation of SHM – composition of two SHM in | | | | |
| | a straig | ght line and at right angles - Lissajous's figures- free, damped, forced | | | | |
| UNIT-IV | | ons –resonance and Sharpness of resonance. | | | | |
| | | of transverse vibration in strings –sonometer – determination of AC | | | | |
| | frequen | ncy using sonometer-determination of frequency using Melde'sstring | | | | |
| | apparat | | | | | |
| | | STICS OF BUILDINGS AND ULTRASONICS: | | | | |
| | | ty of sound – decibel – loudness of sound –reverberation – Sabine's | | | | |
| UNIT-V | | eration formula – acoustic intensity – factors affecting the acoustics of | | | | |
| | buildin | | | | | |
| | | onic waves: Production of ultrasonic waves – Piezoelectric crystal method – | | | | |
| | | to striction effect – application of ultrasonic waves. | | | | |
| UNIT-VI | | ESSIONAL COMPONENTS: Expert lectures –seminars — webinars – | | | | |
| | · | y inputs – social accountability – patriotism | | | | |
| | | Mathur, 2010, Elements of Properties of Matter, | | | | |
| | | nand and Co. | | | | |
| | _ | Laland N. Subrahmanyam, 2003, Properties of Matter, S.Chand and Co | | | | |
| TEXT | | .Khanna andR.S.Bedi, 1969, Textbook of Sound, | | | | |
| BOOKS | | aRamand sons | | | | |
| | | Lal and N.Subrahmanyam, 1995, A Text Book of Sound, Second revised | | | | |
| | | on, Vikas Publishing House. | | | | |
| | J. K.IVI | Jurugesan, 2012, <u>Properties of Matter</u> , S.Chandand Co. | | | | |

| REFER ENCEB OOKS | C.J. Smith, 1960, General Properties of Matter, Orient Longman Publishers H.R. Gulati, 1977, Fundamental of General Properties of Matter, Fifth edition, R. Chand and Co. A.P French, 1973, Vibration and Waves, MIT Introductory Physics, Arnold-Heinmann India. |
|------------------------|--|
| WEB RESOUR CES | https://www.biolinscientific.com/blog/what-are-surfactants-and-how-do-they-work http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/permot2.html https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gT8Nth9NWPM https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m4u-SuaSu1sandt=3s https://www.biolinscientific.com/blog/what-are-surfactants-and-how-do-they-work https://learningtechnologyofficial.com/category/fluid-mechanics-lab/ http://www.sound-physics.com/ http://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104026/ |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

| | CO ₁ | Relate elastic behavior in terms of three modulii of elasticity and working |
|----------|-----------------|--|
| | | of torsion pendulum. |
| | CO ₂ | Able to appreciate concept of bending of beams and analyze the expression, |
| | | quantify and understand nature of materials. |
| | CO ₃ | Explain the surface tension and viscosity of fluid and support the interesting |
| | | phenomena associated with liquid surface, soap films provide an analogue |
| COURSE | | solution to many engineering problems. |
| OUTCOMES | CO4 | Analyze simple harmonic motions mathematically and apply them. |
| OUTCOMES | | Understand the concept of resonance and use it to evaluate the frequency of |
| | | vibration. Set up experiment to evaluate frequency of ac mains |
| | CO ₅ | Understand the concept of acoustics, importance of constructing buildings |
| | | with good acoustics. |
| | | Able to apply their knowledge of ultrasonics in real life, especially in |
| | | medical field and assimilate different methods of production of ultrasonic |
| | | waves |

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG(S), MEDIUM(M) and LOW(L).

| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | S | S | M | M | S | M | M | S | M | S |
| CO2 | M | S | S | S | M | M | S | M | S | S |
| CO3 | S | M | S | M | S | S | M | S | S | S |
| CO4 | S | S | S | S | S | M | S | M | M | M |
| CO5 | M | M | S | S | M | S | S | S | S | M |

| COURSE | FIRST | FIRST SEMESTER – CORE PRACTICAL 1 | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| COURSETITLE | PRACT | PRACTICAL 1- Properties of Matter | | | | | | |
| CREDITS | 3 | Hours-3 COURSE CODE-23BPH1P1 | | | | | | |
| COURSE | Apply v | arious physics co | oncepts to understand Properties of Matter, | | | | | |
| OBJECTIVES | set up ex | set up experimentation to verify theories, quantify and analyse, able | | | | | | |
| | to do em | to do error analysis and correlate results | | | | | | |
| | | Duamantias | of Mosses | | | | | |

Properties of Matter

Minimum of Eight Experiments from the list:

- 1. Determination of rigidity modulus without mass using Torsional pendulum.
- 2. Determination of rigidity modulus with masses using Torsional pendulum.
- 3. Determination of moment of inertia of an irregular body.
- 4. Verification of parallel axes theorem on moment of inertia.
- 5. Verification of perpendicular axes theorem on moment of inertia.
- 6. Determination of moment of inertia and g using Bifilar pendulum.
- 7. Determination of Young's modulus by stretching of wire with known masses.
- 8. Verification of Hook's law by stretching of wire method.
- 9. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending load depression graph.
- 10. Determination of Young's modulus by non-uniform bending scale and telescope.
- 11. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever load depression graph.
- 12. Determination of Young's modulus by cantilever oscillation method
- 13. Determination of Young's modulus by Koenig's method (or unknown load)
- 14. Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion.
- 15. Determination of Y, n and K by Searle's double bar method.
- 16. Determination of surface tension and interfacial surface tension by drop weight method.
- 17. Determination of co-efficient of viscosity by Stokes' method terminal velocity.
- 18. Determination of critical pressure for streamline flow.
- 19. Determination of Poisson's ratio of rubber tube.
- 20. Determination of viscosity by Poiseullie's flow method.
- 21. Determination radius of capillary tube by mercury pellet method.
- 22. Determination of g using compound pendulum.

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

SEC-I

| PHYSICS FOR | PHYSICS FOR EVERYDAY LIFE COURSE CODE-23BPH1S1 T C-2 H-2 | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|---|--------|----------|----------|--|--|
| Learning Object | Learning Objective: To know where all physics principles have been put to use in daily life | | | | | | |
| and appreciate the | and appreciate the concepts with a better understanding also to know about Indian scientists | | | | | | |
| who have made si | gnificant contribution | s to Physics | | | | | |
| UNITS | | COURSE DETAILS | | | | | |
| LINIT I | MECHANICAL C | DBJECTS: Spring scales – bo | uncii | ng balls | -roller | | |
| UNIT-I | coasters – bicycles - | rockets and space travel. | | | | | |
| | OPTICAL INSTRU | JMENTS AND LASER: Visio | n co | rrective | lenses – | | |
| UNIT-II | polaroid glasses - | UV protective glass - polaroi | id ca | amera – | - colour | | |
| | photography – holog | raphy and laser. | | | | | |
| | PHYSICS OF HO | PHYSICS OF HOME APPLIANCES: Bulb - fan - hair drier - | | | | | |
| UNIT-III | television – air condi | tioners – microwave ovens – vac | uum | cleaner | S | | |
| | SOLAR ENERGY | : Solar constant – General a | applio | cations | of solar | | |
| UNIT-IV | energy – Solar wat | er heaters - Solar Photo - vol | taic | cells – | General | | |
| | applications of solar cells. | | | | | | |
| | INDIAN PHYSIC | CIST AND THEIR C | CON | TRIBU | ΓΙΟΝS: | | |
| ****** | C.V.Raman, Homi | Jehangir Bhabha, Vikram Sara | bhai, | Subrah | manyan | | |
| UNIT-V | Chandrasekhar, Ver | nkatraman Ramakrishnan, Dr. Al | PJ A | bdul Ka | lam and | | |
| | their contribution to science and technology. | | | | | | |
| | 1. The Physics in ou | r Daily Lives, Umme Ammara, (| Gugu | cool | | | |
| TEXT BOOKS | Publishing, Hyde | rabad, 2019. | | | | | |
| 1EXI BOOKS | | hysics, Walter Lawin, Free Press. | , Nev | v York, | 2011. | | |
| | 1 | | | | | | |

| Continuous Int | ernal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|----------------|------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| COURSE | FIRST SEMESTER – FOUNDATION COURSE | | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| COURSE TITLE | INTRODUCTORY PHYSICS | | | | |
| CREDITS | 2 COURSE CODE- 23BPH1FC | | | | |
| | Hours-2 | | | | |
| COURSE | To help students get an overview of Physics before learning their | | | | |
| OBJECTIVES | core courses. To serve as a bridge between the school curriculum | | | | |
| | and the degree programme. | | | | |
| UNITS | COURSE DETAILS | | | | |
| UNIT-I | Vectors, scalars –examples for scalars and vectors from physical quantities – addition, subtraction of vectors – resolution and resultant | | | | |
| UNII-I | of vectors – units and dimensions– standard physics constants | | | | |
| | Different types of forces-gravitational, electrostatic, magnetic, | | | | |
| UNIT-II | electromagnetic, nuclear -mechanical forces like, centripetal, | | | | |
| | centrifugal, friction, tension, cohesive, adhesive forces | | | | |
| | Different forms of energy– conservation laws of momentum, energy | | | | |
| UNIT-III | - types of collisions –angular momentum– alternate energy sources– | | | | |
| | real life examples | | | | |
| | Types of motion— linear, projectile, circular, angular, simple | | | | |
| | harmonic motions – satellite motion – banking of a curved roads – | | | | |
| UNIT-IV | stream line and turbulent motions – wave motion – comparison of | | | | |
| | light and sound waves – free, forced, damped oscillations | | | | |
| | Surface tension – shape of liquid drop – angle of contact – viscosity | | | | |
| | -lubricants – capillary flow – diffusion – real life examples– | | | | |
| UNIT-V | properties and types of materials in daily use- conductors, insulators | | | | |
| | - thermal and electric | | | | |
| | PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS: Expert lectures –seminars — | | | | |
| UNIT-VI | webinars – industry inputs – social accountability – patriotism | | | | |
| | 1. D.S. Mathur, 2010, Elements of Properties of Matter, | | | | |
| TEVE DOOLS | S.Chand and Co | | | | |
| TEXT BOOKS | 2. Brijlal and N. Subrahmanyam, 2003, Properties of Matter, | | | | |
| | S.Chand and Co. | | | | |
| REFERENCE | 1. H.R. Gulati, 1977, Fundamental of General Properties of Matter, | | | | |
| BOOKS | Fifth edition, S.Chand and Co. | | | | |
| WED | 1. http://hyperphysics.phy- | | | | |
| WEB | astr.gsu.edu/hbase/permot2.htmlhttps://science.nasa.gov/ems/ | | | | |
| RESOURCES | 2. https://eesc.columbia.edu/courses/ees/climate/lectures/radiation-hays/ | | | | |
| | <u> 11ayo /</u> | | | | |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

| | CO1 | Apply concept of vectors to understand concepts of Physics and solve problems | | |
|---------------|-----|--|--|--|
| COURSE OUT | CO2 | Appreciate different forces present in Nature while learning about phenomena related to these different forces. | | |
| | CO3 | Quantify energy in different process and relate momentum, velocity and energy | | |
| COMES | CO4 | Differentiate different types of motions they would encounter in various courses and understand their basis | | |
| | CO5 | Relate various properties of matter with their behaviour and connect them with different physical parameters involved. | | |

MAPPINGWITHPROGRAMOUTCOMES:

Map course out comes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG(3), MEDIUM(2) and LOW(1).

| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 |

| COURSETITLE | HEAT, THERMODYNAMICS AND STATISTICAL |
|----------------------|---|
| COLIDGE CODE | PHYSICS |
| COURSE CODE | 23BPH2C1 |
| CREDITS | 5 Hours-6 |
| COURSE OBJECTIVES | The course focuses to understand a basic in conversion of temperature in Celsius, Kelvin and Fahrenheit scales. Practical |
| OBJECTIVES | exhibition and explanation of transmission of heat in good and bad |
| | conductor. Relate the laws of thermodynamics, entropy in everyday |
| | life and explore the knowledge of statistical mechanics and its |
| | relation |
| UNITS | COURSEDETAILS |
| | CALORIMETRY: Specific heat capacity – specific heat capacity |
| | of gases C _P and C _V – Meyer's relation – Joly's method for |
| | determination of C _V – Regnault's method for determination of C _P |
| UNIT-I | LOW TEMPERATURE PHYSICS: Joule-Kelvin effect – porous |
| | plug experiment – Joule-Thomson effect –Boyle temperature – |
| | temperature of inversion – liquefaction of gas by Linde's Process – |
| | adiabatic demagnetisation. |
| | THERMODYNAMICS-I: Zeroth law and first law of |
| TIMITE II | thermodynamics – P-V diagram – heat engine –efficiency of heat |
| UNIT-II | engine - Carnot's engine, construction, working and efficiency of |
| | petrol engine and diesel engines – comparison of engines. |
| | THERMODYNAMICS-II: Second law of thermodynamics – |
| | entropy of an ideal gas - entropy change in reversible and |
| | irreversible processes - T-S diagram -thermo dynamical scale of |
| UNIT-III | temperature - Maxwell's thermo dynamical relations - Clasius- |
| | Clapeyron's equation (first latent heat equation) – third law of |
| | thermodynamics – un attainability of absolute zero – heat death. |
| | HEAT TRANSFER: Modes of heat transfer: conduction, |
| | convection and radiation. |
| | Conduction: thermal conductivity – determination of thermal |
| | conductivity of a good conductor by Forbe's method – |
| ****** | determination of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee's |
| UNIT-IV | disc method. |
| | Radiation: Black body radiation (Ferry's method) – distribution of |
| | energy in black body radiation - Wien's law and Rayleigh Jean's |
| | law –Planck's law of radiation – Stefan's law – deduction of |
| | Newton's law of cooling from Stefan's law. |
| | STATISTICAL MECHANICS: Definition of phase-space – |
| | micro and macro states – ensembles –different types of ensembles |
| | classical and quantum Statistics – Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics |
| UNIT-V | - expression for distribution function - Bose-Einstein statistics - |
| | expression for distribution function – Fermi-Dirac statistics – |
| | expression for distribution function – comparison of three statistics. |
| | empirical for distribution random comparison of times statisties. |

| PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS: Expert lectures - | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| UNIT-VI | - webinars – industry inputs – social accountability – patriotism | | |
| TEXT BOOKS | BrijlalandN. Subramaniam, 2000, Heat and Thermodynamics, S.Chandand Co. NarayanamoorthyandKrishnaRao, 1969,Heat,Triveni Publishers, Chennai. V.R.KhannaandR.S.Bedi, 1998 1st Edition, Text book of Sound, Kedharnaath Publish and Co, Meerut Brijlal and N. Subramanyam, 2001, Waves and Oscillations,Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi. Ghosh, 1996, Text Book of Sound, S.ChandandCo. R.MurugeshanandKiruthigaSivaprasath, Thermal Physics, S.Chandand Co. | | |
| REFERENCE BOOKS | J.B.Rajamand C.L.Arora, 1976, Heat and Thermodynamics, 8th edition, S.Chandand Co. Ltd. D.S.Mathur, Heat and Thermodynamics, Sultan Chand and Sons. Gupta, Kumar, Sharma, 2013, Statistical Mechanics, 26th Edition, S. Chand and Co. Resnick, HallidayandWalker,2010, Fundamentals of Physics, 6th Edition. Sears, Zemansky, Hugh D. Young,Roger A. Freedman, 2021 University Physics with Modern Physics 15th Edition, Pearson. | | |
| WEB RESOURCES | https://youtu.be/M 5KYncYNyc https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4M72kQulGKkandvl=en Lecture 1: Thermodynamics Part 1 Video Lectures Statistical Mechanics I: Statistical Mechanics of Particles Physics MIT OpenCourseWare http://www.freebookcentre.net/Physics/Physics-Books-Online.html | | |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

| COURSEOUT COMES | CO1 | Acquires knowledge on how to distinguish between temperature and heat. Introduce him/her to the field of thermometry and explain practical measurements of high temperature as well as low temperature physics. Student identifies the relationship between heat capacity, specific heat capacity. The study of Low temperature Physics sets the basis for the students to understand cryogenics, superconductivity, super fluidity and Condensed Matter Physics | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | CO2 | Derive the efficiency of Carnot's engine. Discuss the implications of the laws of Thermodynamics in diesel and petrol engines | | | | | |
| | CO3 | Able to analyze performance of thermodynamic systems viz | | | | | |
| | | efficiency by problems. Gets an insight into thermodynamic | | | | | |
| | | properties like enthalpy, entropy | | | | | |
| | CO4 | Study the process of thermal conductivity and apply it to good | | | | | |
| | | and bad conductors. Quantify different parameters related to | | | | | |
| | | heat, relate them with various physical parameters and analyse | | | | | |
| | | them | | | | | |
| | CO5 | Interpret classical statistics concepts such as phase space, | | | | | |
| | | ensemble, Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution law. Develop the | | | | | |
| | | statistical interpretation of Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac . | | | | | |
| | | Apply to quantum particles such as photon and electron | | | | | |

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) in the 3-points scale of STRONG(S), M EDIUM(M) and LOW(L).

| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | M | S | M |
| CO2 | M | S | S | S | M | S | S | M | M | M |
| CO3 | S | S | S | M | S | S | S | M | S | M |
| CO4 | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | M | M | M |
| CO5 | S | S | M | S | S | S | M | M | S | M |

| COURSETITLE | PRACTICAL- II HEAT, OSCILLATIONS, WAVES AND SOUND | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| COURSE CODE | 23BPH2P1 | | | | |
| CREDITS | 3 Hours: 3 | | | | |
| COURSE | Apply their knowledge gained about the concept of heat and sound | | | | |
| OBJECTIVES | waves, resonance, calculate frequency of ac mains set up experimentation to verify theories, quantify and analyse, able to do error analysis and correlate results | | | | |
| HEAT, OSCILLATIONS, WAVES and SOUND | | | | | |

Minimum of Eight Experiments from the list:

- 1. Determination of specific heat by cooling graphical method.
- 2. Determination of thermal conductivity of good conductor by Searle's method.
- 3. Determination of thermal conductivity of bad conductor by Lee's disc method.
- 4. Determination of thermal conductivity of bad conductor by Charlaton's method.
- 5. Determination of specific heat capacity of solid.
- 6. Determination of specific heat of liquid by Joule's electrical heating method (applying radiation correction by Barton's correction/graphical method),
- 7. Determination of Latent heat of a vaporization of a liquid.
- 8. Determination of Stefan's constant for Black body radiation.
- 9. Verification of Stefan's-Boltzmans law.
- 10. Determination of thermal conductivity of rubber tube.
- 11. Helmholtz resonator.
- 12. Velocity of sound through a wire using Sonometer.
- 13. Determination of velocity of sound using Kunds tube.
- 14. Determination of frequency of an electrically maintained tuning fork
- 15. To verify the laws of transverse vibration using sonometer.
- 16. To verify the laws of transverse vibration using Melde's apparatus.
- 17. To compare the mass per unit length of two strings using Melde's apparatus.
- 18. Frequency of AC by using sonometer.

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Course Code Category Semester II | T/P | C | H/W | |
|----------------------------------|-----|---|-----|--|
|----------------------------------|-----|---|-----|--|

| 23BPH2S1 | SEC-II ASTROPHYSICS T 2 2 | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Learning Objective: This course intends to introduce principles of astrophysics | | | | | | | | |
| describing the science of formation and evolution of stars and interpretation of various | | | | | | | | |
| heavenly phenomena and provide an understanding of the physical nature of celestial | | | | | | | | |
| | the instrumentation and techniques used in astronomical research | | | | | | | |
| UNITS | COURSE DETAILS | | | | | | | |
| | TELESCOPES: Optical telescopes – magnifying power, brightness, | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-I | resolving power and f/a ratio – types of reflecting and refracting | | | | | | | |
| | telescopes – detectors and image processing – radio telescopes – | | | | | | | |
| | Hubble space telescope. | | | | | | | |
| | SOLAR SYSTEM: Bode's law of planetary distances – meteors, | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-II | meteorites, comets, asteroids – Kuiper belt – Oort cloud – detection of | | | | | | | |
| | gravitational waves – recent advances in astrophysics. | | | | | | | |
| | ECLIPSES: Types of eclipses – solar eclipse – total and partial solar | | | | | | | |
| | eclipse – lunar eclipse – total and partial lunar eclipse – transits. | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-III | THE SUN: Physical and orbital data – solar atmosphere – photosphere | | | | | | | |
| 0111-111 | - chromosphere - solar corona - prominences - sunspots - 11year | | | | | | | |
| | solar cycle – solar flares. | | | | | | | |
| | STELLAR EVOLUTION: H-R diagram – birth and death of low | | | | | | | |
| | mass, intermediate mass and massive stars - Chandrasekar limit - | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-IV | white dwarfs – neutron stars – pulsars – black holes – supernovae. | | | | | | | |
| | GALAXIES: Classification of galaxies – galaxy clusters –interactions | | | | | | | |
| | of galaxies, dark matter and super clusters – evolving universe. | | | | | | | |
| | ACTIVITIES IN ASTROPHYSICS: | | | | | | | |
| | (i) Basic construction of telescope | | | | | | | |
| | (ii) Develop models to demonstrate eclipses/planetary motion | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-V | (iii) Night sky observation | | | | | | | |
| | (iv) Conduct case study pertaining to any topic in this paper | | | | | | | |
| | (v) Visit to any one of the National Observatories | | | | | | | |
| | Any three activities to be done compulsorily. | | | | | | | |
| | 1. BaidyanathBasu, (2001). An introduction to Astrophysics, Second | | | | | | | |
| | printing, Prentice – Hall of India (P) Ltd, New Delhi | | | | | | | |
| | 2. K.S.Krishnaswamy, (2002), <u>Astrophysics – a modern perspective</u> , | | | | | | | |
| TEXT BOOKS | New Age International (P) Ltd, New Delhi. | | | | | | | |
| | 3. Shylaja, B.S. andMadhusudan, H.R.,(1999), Eclipse: A Celestial | | | | | | | |
| | Shadow Play, Orient BlackSwan, | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| C | ourse Code | Category | Semester II | T/P | C | H/W |
|---|------------|----------|-------------|-----|---|-----|

| 23BPH2S2 | SEC-III | PHYSICS OF MUSIC | Т | 2 | 2 | | | | |
|---|---|--|-----------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | Learning Objective: To apprise and train students on the role of Physics in music and ge | | | | | | | | |
| the knowledge on the musical notes and instruments. | | | | | | | | | |
| UNITS | | COURSE DETAILS | | | | | | | |
| | | STUDY OF MUSIC: Vibration | | | | | | | |
| | | oling to air – propagation of sou | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-I | | and solids - velocity, frequen | | | | | | | |
| | | y: definition and unit fs - clas | | | | | | | |
| | | l velocity- human and anima | | perc | eption- | | | | |
| | | ear and hearing – psychoacoustics | | | | | | | |
| | | BRATING SYSTEMS: Simple | | | | | | | |
| | | amplitude, phase, energy, e | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-II | | ower – travelling waves and sta | | | | | | | |
| | | retched strings- one-dimensional | | | | | | | |
| | | ipes – over tones, harmonics – q | uality of | sound | d: pitch, | | | | |
| | | ss – octaves, musical notes | , . | | 11 | | | | |
| | | ONE: Pure/simple tones – sine | | | | | | | |
| | | ncies, wavelengths, amplitudes an | | | | | | | |
| LINITE III | | of pure tones— mix of different tones— of sites of sites and sites of sites | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-III | amplitudes— complex tone — superposition of simple tones — complex | | | | | | | | |
| | waveform— periodic complex waveform — formants — resonances— | | | | | | | | |
| | sound envelope PRODUCTIO | | nc. Ц. | ıman | voice, | | | | |
| | l | vocal sound production – larynx (s | | | voice, | | | | |
| | | uments: Plucked and bowed, gu | | | violin | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-IV | piano.etc. <i>Wind instruments</i> : Whistles, flute, saxophone, pipe organ, bagpipes, etc. <i>Percussion instruments</i> : Plates, membranes, drums, | | | | | | | | |
| | cymbals, xylophone etc. <i>Electronic instruments</i> : keyboards, electric | | | | | | | | |
| | • • • | | • | | | | | | |
| | guitars, rhythm pads, etc. – analog and digital sound synthesizers,– MIDI instrument– computer generated music | | | | | | | | |
| | | G OF MUSIC and SOUND: | Edison r | honos | graph – | | | | |
| | | sk records – magnetic wire and t | | | | | | | |
| | | to CD, DVD, etc.) – analog tr | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-V | | phones, loudspeaker - complex s | | - | - | | | | |
| | • | coustic spectral analysis technic | | | | | | | |
| | discrete Fourie | r transforms, digital signal proces | ssing – d | igital : | filtering | | | | |
| | - specifications | s of recording studios | | | _ | | | | |
| | 1. Physics and | d Music: The Science of Musi | cal Sour | nd by | Harvey | | | | |
| | White (2014 | 4) | | | | | | | |
| TEXT BOOKS | | tions – The Physics of Music by I | • | - \ | 2009) | | | | |
| I LAI BUUKS | • | of Musical Instruments by Curt S | | | | | | | |
| | • | d Music: Essential Connection | | | ninating | | | | |
| | Excursions | byKinko Tsuji and Stefan C. Mül | ler(2021) | | | | | | |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| COURSE THIRD SEMESTER - CORE THEORY III | |
|---|--|
|---|--|

| COURSETITLE | MECHANICS | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| COURSE CODE | 23BPH3C1 | | | | | |
| CREDITS | 5 Hours: 6 | | | | | |
| COURSE | This course allows the students: To have a basic understanding of | | | | | |
| OBJECTIVES | the laws and principles of mechanics; To apply the concepts of | | | | | |
| | forces existing in the system; To understand the forces of physics in | | | | | |
| | everyday life; To visualize conservation laws; To apply Lagrangian | | | | | |
| | equation to solve complex problems. | | | | | |
| UNITS | COURSE DETAILS | | | | | |
| | LAWS OF MOTION: Newton's Laws – forces – equations of | | | | | |
| | motion – frictional force – motion of a particle in a uniform | | | | | |
| | gravitational field – types of everyday forces in Physics. | | | | | |
| | Gravitation: Classical theory of gravitation-Kepler's laws, | | | | | |
| | Newton's law of gravitation - Determination of G by Boy's | | | | | |
| UNIT-I | method – Earth-moon system – weightlessness – earth satellites – | | | | | |
| | parking orbit – earth density – mass of the Sun – gravitational | | | | | |
| | potential – velocity of escape – satellite potential and kinetic | | | | | |
| | energy –Einstein's theory of gravitation – introduction –principle | | | | | |
| | of equivalence – experimental tests of general theory of relativity – | | | | | |
| | gravitational red shift – bending of light – perihelion of mercury. | | | | | |
| | CONSERVATION LAWS OF LINEAR AND ANGULAR | | | | | |
| | MOMENTUM: Conservation of linear and angular momentum – | | | | | |
| | Internal forces and momentum conservation – center of mass – | | | | | |
| UNIT-II | examples – general elastic collision of particles of different masses – system with variable mass – examples – conservation of angular | | | | | |
| ONIT-II | momentum – torque due to internal forces – torque due to gravity – | | | | | |
| | angular momentum about center of mass – proton scattering by | | | | | |
| | heavy nucleus. | | | | | |
| | CONSERVATION LAWS OF ENERGY: Introduction – | | | | | |
| | significance of conservation laws – law of conservation of energy | | | | | |
| | concepts of work- power – energy – conservative forces – potential | | | | | |
| UNIT-III | energy and conservation of energy in gravitational and electric field | | | | | |
| | – examples –non-conservative forces – general law of conservation | | | | | |
| | of energy. | | | | | |
| | RIGID BODY DYNAMICS: Translational and rotational motion | | | | | |
| | - angular momentum - moment of inertia - general theorems of | | | | | |
| UNIT-IV | moment of inertia – examples – rotation about fixed axis – kinetic | | | | | |
| | energy of rotation – examples – body rolling along a plane surface | | | | | |
| | - body rolling down an inclined plane - gyroscopic precision - | | | | | |
| | gyrostatic applications. LAGRANGIAN MECHANICS: Generalized coordinates – | | | | | |
| | degrees of freedom – constraints - principle of virtual work and D' | | | | | |
| UNIT-V | Alembert's Principle – Lagrange's equation from D' Alembert's | | | | | |
| | principle – application –simple pendulum – Atwood's machine. | | | | | |
| | PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS: Expert lectures –seminars – | | | | | |
| UNIT-VI | - webinars - industry inputs - social accountability - patriotism | | | | | |
| | "Tomais massay mpass social accountacinity patriotism | | | | | |

| _ | , |
|----------------|--|
| | 1. J.C.Upadhyaya, 2019, Classical Mechanics, Himalaya Publishing house, Mumbai. |
| | 2. P.DuraiPandian, LaxmiDuraiPandian, |
| | |
| | MuthamizhJayapragasam,2005, Mechanics, 6 th revised edition, S.Chandand Co. |
| | |
| TEXT BOOKS | 3. D. S.Mathur and P. S.Hemne, 2000, Mechanics, Revised |
| 12111 2 0 0110 | Edition, S.Chandand Co. |
| | 4. Narayanamurthi, M.andNagarathnam. N, 1998, Dynamics. The |
| | National Publishing, Chennai. |
| | 5. Narayanamurthi, M. and Nagarathnam, N, 1982, Statics, |
| | Hydrostatics and Hydrodynamics, The National Publishers, |
| | Chennai. |
| | 1. Goldstein Herbert, 1980, Classical Mechanics. U.S.A: Addison |
| | and Wesely. |
| REFERENCE | 2. Halliday, David and Robert, Resnick, 1995, Physics Vol.I. New |
| BOOKS | Age, International, Chennai. |
| | 3. Halliday, David Robert Resnick and Walker Jearl, 2001, |
| | Fundamentals of Physics, John Wiley, New Delhi |
| | 1. https://youtu.be/X4 K-XLUIB4 |
| | 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115103115 |
| | 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p075LPq3Eas |
| WEB | 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mH pS6fruyg |
| RESOURCES | |
| | 5. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_me96/preview |
| | 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tdkFc88Fw-M |
| | 7. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_me70/preview |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

| | CO1 | Understand the Newton's Law of motion, understand general |
|----------|-----|---|
| | | theory of relativity, Kepler's laws and Realize the basic |
| | | principles behind planetary motion |
| | CO2 | Acquire the knowledge on the conservation laws |
| COURSEOU | CO3 | Apply conservation law and calculate energy of various |
| TCOMES | | systems, understand and differentiate conservative and non- |
| | | conservative forces |
| | CO4 | Gain knowledge on rigid body dynamics and solve problems |
| | | based on this concept |
| | CO5 | Appreciate Lagrangian system of mechanics, apply D' |
| | | Alemberts principle |

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) in the 3-points scale of STRONG(S), MEDIUM(M) and LOW(L).

| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | S | S | S | M | S | S | S | M | S | S |
| CO2 | S | S | S | M | S | M | S | S | S | M |
| CO3 | S | S | S | S | S | S | M | S | M | S |
| CO4 | M | S | S | S | M | S | S | M | S | S |
| CO5 | S | S | M | S | S | M | S | S | S | M |

| COURSETITLE | PRACTICAL- III ELECTRICITY | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|----|--|--|--|--|
| COURSE CODE | 23BPH3P1 | | | | | |
| CREDITS | 3 Hours:3 | | | | | |
| COURSE | Construct circuits to learn about the concept of electricity, current, | | | | | |
| OBJECTIVES | resistance in the path of current, different parameters that affect a | | | | | |
| | circuit. Set up experiments, observe, analyse and assimilate the concept | | | | | |
| | EI ECTDICI | TV | | | | |

ELECTRICITY

Minimum of Eight Experiments from the list:

- 1. Calibration of low range and high range voltmeter using potentiometer
- 2. Calibration of ammeter using potentiometer.
- 3. Measurement of low resistances using potentiometer.
- 4. Determination of field along the axis of a current carrying circular coil.
- 5. Determination of earth's magnetic field using field along axis of current carrying coil.
- 6. Determination of specific resistance of the material of the wire using PO box.
- 7. Determination of resistance and specific resistance using Carey Foster's bridge.
- 8. Determination of internal resistance of a cell using potentiometer.
- 9. Determination of specific conductance of an electrolyte.
- 10. Determination of e.m.f of thermo couple using potentiometer
- 11. Determination of capacitance using Desauty's bridge and B.G./Spot galvanometer/head phone.
- 12. Determination of figure of merit of BG or spot galvanometer.
- 13. Comparison of EMF of two cells using BG.
- 14. Comparison of capacitance using BG.

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Course code | 2: | SEC-IV | T/P | C | H/W | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|----------|----------|----------|--|--|
| 23BPH3S1 | | ENTREPRENEURSHIP | T | 2 | 2 | | |
| Objectives | > To enabl | e the students to understand the concept of Entrepreneur | ship an | d to lea | ırn the | | |
| | profess | ional behavior about Entrepreneurship. | | | | | |
| | > To ident | ify significant changes and trends which create new business. | ness or | portur | iities | | |
| | > To analy | ze the institutional arrangement for potential business of | pportun | ities. | | | |
| | > To prov | ide conceptual exposure on converting ideas to an wome | n entre | preneu | rship | | |
| | Entrepreneu | ur – Meaning – Importance – Definition – Types – Fund | ctions - | - Quali | ties of | | |
| Unit -I | an Entrepre | neur – Entrepreneurship as a career. | | | | | |
| | Business Pr | omotion – Product selection – Form of ownership – P | ant loc | ation - | - land, | | |
| Unit-II | building, w | ater and power, raw material, machinery, power and | other ii | nfrastrı | ıctural | | |
| | facilities- L | icensing, registration and local bye laws. | | | | | |
| | Institutional | arrangements for entrepreneurship development – D | IC, SI | DCO, | NSIC, | | |
| Unit- III | SISI – Inst | itutional finance to entrepreneurs - TIIC, SIDBI, C | ommer | cial ba | ınks – | | |
| | Incentives t | o small scale industries. | | | | | |
| | Project repo | ort – Meaning and importance – Project report – Forma | t of a r | eport (| as per | | |
| | requirements of financial institutions) - Project appraisal - Market feasibility - | | | | | | |
| Unit -IV | Technical f | easibility - Financial feasibility and economic feasib | oility – | Break | even | | |
| | analysis. | | | | | | |
| | Entrepreneu | rship development in India – Women entrepreneurship | in Indi | ia – Si | ckness | | |
| Unit -V | in small sca | le industries and their remedial measures. | | | | | |
| Reference an | | | | | | | |
| Entrepreneurs Madu | • | nagement of Small business - Centre for Entreprene | urship | Devel | opment, | | |
| | N. Ajit kum | ar and T.Mampilly. Entrepreneurship development. I | Iimalay | an Pu | blishing | | |
| Khan, M.A. <i>E</i> | Entrepreneurs | hip Development Programmes in India. Kanishka Publis | shing H | ouse, I | Delhi | | |
| Saravanavel, | P. (1997). <i>En</i> | trepreneurial Development. Ess Pee kay Publishing Hou | ise, Che | ennai. | | | |
| Vasant Desai | Dynamics of | FEntrepreneur Development and Management. Himalays | an Publ | ishing | House. | | |
| Outcomes | > | ed, the student will be able to To understand the significance of entrepreneurship and qualities. To know about the developing ideas and techniques of To understand about the procedures of startup. To identify the institutional support provided to entrepr To analyse the women entrepreneurship development | busines | s. | | | |
| Cour | se Code C | Category Semester III | T/I | P C | H/W | | |

| 23BPH3S2 | SEC-V | HOME ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION | T | 2 | 2 | | |
|---|--|--|---------|--------|---------|--|--|
| " | Learning Objective: The students will get knowledge on electrical instruments, installations | | | | | | |
| and domestic wiring techniques with safety precautions and servicing. | | | | | | | |
| UNITS | | COURSE DETAILS | | | | | |
| | 1 | ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS: Charge, cu | | - | | | |
| | | resistance – simple electrical circuits – DC ami | | | | | |
| UNIT-I | 1 | Ohm's law – difference between DC and AC | | | _ | | |
| 0111-1 | AC over D | C – electromagnetic induction - transformers – | induct | ors/c | hokes | | |
| | - capacito | rs/condensers - impedance - AC ammeter, vol | tmetei | · -sy | mbols | | |
| | and nome | nclature | | | | | |
| | TRANSM | ISSION OF ELECTRICITY: Production and | l trans | miss | ion of | | |
| | electricity | - concept of power grid - Series and paralle | el con | necti | ons – | | |
| UNIT-II | technicalit | es of junctions and loops in circuits -tran | smiss | ion | losses | | |
| | (qualitative | e) – roles of step-up and step-down transform | ers – | qual | ity of | | |
| | connecting | wires - characteristics of single and multicore w | vires | | | | |
| | ELECTR | ICAL WIRING: Different types of switches | – inst | allat | ion of | | |
| | two way s | witch - role of sockets, plugs, sockets - installa | ition c | of me | eters – | | |
| | | basic switch board – electrical bell – indicator – fixing of tube lights and | | | | | |
| UNIT-III | 1 | yy equipment like AC, fridge, washing machine, | | _ | | | |
| | 1 | rovisions for inverter – gauge specifications of v | | | | | |
| | needs | | | | | | |
| | POWER | RATING AND POWER DELIVERED: | Con | versi | on of | | |
| | electrical e | electrical energy in to different forms – work done by electrical energy – | | | | | |
| | power rating of electrical appliances – energy consumption – electrical | | | | | | |
| UNIT-IV | energy unit in KWH – calculation of EB bill – Joule's heating – useful | | | | | | |
| | energy and energy loss – single and three phase connections – Measures to | | | | | | |
| | 1 | ical energy – energy audit | | | | | |
| | | MEASURES: Insulation for wires – colour | specif | icatio | on for | | |
| | 1 | rn and earth – Understanding of fuse and circuit | _ | | | | |
| | | t-kat, HRC, cartridge, MCB, ELCB - purpose | | | | | |
| UNIT-V | 1 | restors – short circuiting and over loading – el | | | | | |
| | tips to avoid electrical shock – first aid for electrical shock – fire safe | | | | | | |
| | electric current | | | | | | |
| | 1. Wiring | a House: 5th Edition by Rex Cauldwell, (2014). | | | | | |
| | _ | nd Decker Advanced Home Wiring, 5th Edition: | Back | up P | ower | | |
| TEXT BOOKS | | Upgrades - AFCI Protection - "Smart" Thermost | ats, by | y Edi | tors | | |
| ILAI DOORS | | Springs Press, (2018). | | T | | | |
| | 3. Complete Beginners Guide to Rough in Electrical Wiring: by Kevin Ryan (2022). | | | | | | |
| | Kyan (2 | WZZ). | | | | | |

| Continuous Interna | al Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | | 75 | 100 | |
| COURSE FOURTH SE | | MESTER – CORE THEORY IV | | |

| COURSETITLE | OPTICS AND LASER PHYSICS |
|-------------------|--|
| COURSE CODE | 23BPH4C1 |
| CREDITS | 4 Hours:4 |
| COURSE | To provide an in-depth understanding of the basics of various |
| OBJECTIVES | phenomena in geometrical and wave optics; To explain the |
| | behaviour of light in different mediums; To understand the |
| | differences in the important phenomena namely interference, |
| | diffraction and Polarization and apply the knowledge in day to day |
| | life; To understand the design of optical systems and methods to |
| | minims aberrations; To understand the working and applications of |
| | laser |
| UNITS | COURSEDETAILS |
| CIVIIS | LENS AND PRISMS: Fermat's principle of least time – |
| | postulates of geometrical optics – thick and thin lenses – focal |
| | length, critical thickness, power and cardinal points of a thick lens |
| | – narrow angled prisms. |
| | Lens: Aberrations: spherical aberration, chromatic aberrations, |
| | coma, and astigmatism— curvature of the field — distortion — |
| | chromatic aberrations methods. |
| UNIT-I | Prism: Dispersion, deviation, aberrations - applications rainbows |
| 01111-1 | and halos, constant deviation spectroscope. |
| | Eyepieces: advantage of an eyepiece over a simple lens – Huygen's |
| | and Ramsden's eyepieces, construction and working –merits and |
| | demerits of the eyepiece. |
| | Resolving power: Rayleigh's criterion for resolution – limit of |
| | resolution for the eye – resolving power of, (i) Prism (ii) grating |
| | (iii) telescope |
| | INTERFERENCE: Division of wave front, Fresnel's biprism – |
| | fringes with white light – division of amplitude: interference in thin |
| | films due to, (i) reflected light, (ii) transmitted light – colours of |
| | thin films applications – air wedge – Newton's rings. |
| UNIT-II | Interferometers: Michelson's interferometer – applications, (i) |
| UN11-11 | determination of the wavelength of a monochromatic source of |
| | light, (ii) determination of the wavelength and separation D_1 and D_2 |
| | lines of sodium light, (iii) determination of a thickness of a mica |
| | sheet. |
| | DIFFRACTION: Fresnel's assumptions – zone plate – action of |
| | zone plate for an incident spherical wave front – differences |
| | between a zone plate and a convex lens –Fresnel type of diffraction |
| | - diffraction pattern due to a straight edge – positions of maximum |
| UNIT-III | and minimum intensities – diffraction due to a narrow slit – |
| 01111-111 | Fraunhofer type of diffraction – Fraunhofer diffraction at a single |
| | slit – plane diffraction grating– experiment to determine |
| | wavelengths – width of principal maxima. |
| | wavolonguis – widin of principal maxima. |

| | POLARISATION: Optical activity – optically active crystals – |
|------------|--|
| | polarizer and analyser–double refraction – optic axis, principal |
| | plane – Huygens's explanation of double refraction in uniaxial |
| | |
| UNIT-IV | crystals –polaroids and applications – circularly and elliptically |
| | polarized light –quarter wave plate – half wave plate – production |
| | and detection of circularly and elliptically polarized lights - |
| | Fresnel's explanation – specific rotation – Laurent half shade |
| | polarimeter– experiment to determine specific rotatory power. |
| | LASERS: General principles of lasers – properties of lasers action – |
| TIMITE XI | spontaneous and stimulated emission – population inversion – optical |
| UNIT-V | pumping – He-Ne laser (principle and working) – CO ₂ laser (principle |
| | and working) semiconductor laser – laser applications – holography. |
| LIMIT VI | PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS: Expert lectures – seminars |
| UNIT-VI | — webinars – industry inputs – social accountability – patriotism |
| | 1. Subramaniam. N andBrijlal, 2014, Optics, 25 th Ed,S.Chandand |
| TEXT BOOKS | Co. |
| 1EAI BOOKS | 2. P.R.Sasikumar, 2012, Photonics, PHIPvt Ltd, New Delhi. |
| | 3. V.Rajendran, 2012, Engineering Physics, Tata McGraw Hill. |
| | 1. Sathyaprakash, 1990, Optics, VII edition, |
| | RatanPrakashanMandhir, New Delhi. |
| REFERENCEB | 2. AjoyGhatak, 2009,Optics, 4 th edition, PHIPvt Ltd, New Delhi. |
| OOKS | 3. D.Halliday,R.Resnick and J. Walker, 2001, Fundamentals of |
| OOKS | Physics,6 th edition, Willey, New York. |
| | 4. 7. Jenkins A. Francis and White, 2011, Fundamentals of Optics, |
| | 4th edition, McGraw Hill Inc., NewDelhi. |
| | 1. https://science.nasa.gov/ems/ |
| | 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tL3rNc1G0qQandlist=RDC |
| | MUCzwo7UlGkb-8Pr6svxWo-LAandstart_radio=1andt=2472 |
| WEB | 3. https://science.nasa.gov/ems/ |
| RESOURCES | 4. https://imagine.gsfc.nasa.gov/educators/gammaraybursts/imagin |
| | <u>e/index.html</u> |
| | 5. http://www.thephysicsmill.com/2014/03/23/sky-blue-lord- |
| | rayleigh-sir-raman-scattering/ |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

| | CO1 | Outline basic knowledge of methods of rectifying different | | | |
|----------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | | defects in lenses, articulate technological applications of | | | |
| | | eyepieces | | | |
| | CO2 | Discuss the principle of superposition of wave, use these ideas to | | | |
| | | understand the wave nature of light through working of | | | |
| | | interferometer | | | |
| COURSEOU | CO3 | Extend the knowledge about nature of light through diffraction | | | |
| TCOMES | | techniques; apply mathematical principles to analyse the optical | | | |
| | | instruments | | | |
| | CO4 | Interpret basic formulation of polarization and gain knowledge | | | |
| | | about polarimeter, appraise its usage in industries | | | |
| | CO5 | Relate the principles of optics to various fields of IR, Raman and | | | |
| | | UV spectroscopy and understand their instrumentation and | | | |
| | | application in industries | | | |

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) in the 3-points scale of STRONG(S), MEDIUM(M) and LOW(L).

| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | S | M | S | M | M | M | S | S | M | M |
| CO2 | M | S | M | S | M | S | M | M | S | S |
| CO3 | S | M | S | S | S | M | S | S | M | M |
| CO4 | S | M | S | M | M | S | M | M | S | M |
| CO5 | S | M | S | M | S | S | M | S | S | S |

| COURSE | FOURTH SEMESTER - CORE PRACTICAL |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| COURSETITLE | PRACTICAL- IV LIGHT |

| COURSE CODE | 23BPH4P1 | |
|-------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| CREDITS | 3 | Hours:3 |
| COURSE | Demonstrate various optical phenome | na principles, working, apply with |
| OBJECTIVES | various materials and interpret the resu | ults. |
| | | |

LIGHT

Minimum of Eight Experiments from the list:

- 1. Determination of refractive index of prism using spectrometer.
- 2. Determination of refractive index of liquid using hollow prism and spectrometer
- 3. Determination of dispersive power of a prism.
- 4. Determination of radius of curvature of lens by forming Newton's rings.
- 5. Determination of thickness of a wire using air wedge.
- 6. Determination of Cauchy's Constants.
- 7. Determination of resolving power of grating
- 8. Determination of resolving power of telescope
- 9. Comparison of intensities using Lummer Brodhum Photometer.
- 10. Determination of range of motion using Searlesgoniometer.
- 11. Verification of Newton's formula for a lens separated by a distance.
- 12. Determination of refractive index of a given liquid by forming liquid lens
- 13. Determination of refractive index using Laser.
- 14. Determination of wavelengths, particle size using Laser/Monochromatic source.
- 15. Determination of resolving power of Diffraction grating using Laser
- 16. Determination of wire using Laser.

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Course Code | Category | Semester IV | T/P | C | H/W |
|--------------------|----------|-----------------|-----|---|-----|
| 23BPH4S1 | SEC-VI | MEDICAL PHYSICS | T | 2 | 2 |

| Learning Objective: To understand the basics about the biological | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| systems in our body, theirbehavior, and the diagnostic devices. | | | | | | |
| | Basic Anatomical Terminology- Standard anatomical position, | | | | | |
| | Planes, Familiarity with terms like - Superior, Inferior, Anterior, | | | | | |
| UNIT I | Posterior, Medial, Lateral, Proximal, Distal Forces on and in the | | | | | |
| | Body - Physics of the Skeleton-Heat and Cold in Medicine- Energy | | | | | |
| | work and Power of the Body. | | | | | |
| | Pressure system of the body- Physics of Cardiovascular system- | | | | | |
| | Electricity within the Body – Applications of Electricity and Magnetism | | | | | |
| UNIT II | in Medicine. Sound in medicine- Physics of the Ear and Hearing- Light | | | | | |
| | in medicine- Physics of eyes and vision. | | | | | |
| | Transducers- performance of characteristics of transducer- static and | | | | | |
| | dynamic active transducers - (a) magnetic induction type (b) | | | | | |
| UNIT III | piezoelectric type (c) photovoltaic type (d) thermoelectric type. Passive | | | | | |
| | transducer- (a) resistive type - effect and sensitivity of the bridge (b) | | | | | |
| | capacitive transducer (c) linear variable differential transducer (LVDT). | | | | | |
| | X-rays- Production of X-rays- X-ray spectra- continues spectra and | | | | | |
| | characteristic spectra- Coolidge tube- Electro Cardio Graph (ECG) - | | | | | |
| UNIT IV | Block diagram- ECG Leads- Unipolar and bipolar-ECG recording | | | | | |
| | set up. | | | | | |
| | Electro Encephalo Graph (EEG) - origin- Block diagram- Electro | | | | | |
| UNIT V | Myogragh (EMG) - Block diagram- EMG recorder- Computer | | | | | |
| | Tomography (CT) principle- Block diagram of CT scanner. | | | | | |
| Text Books: | | | | | | |
| 1. Medical Physics –John R. Cameron and James | | | | | | |
| G.Skofronick, 1978, JohnWilly & Sons. | | | | | | |
| 2. Bio medical instrumentation – E D II, Dr M. | | | | | | |
| | Arumugam, Anuradha Agencies 1997. | | | | | |

| Course Code | Category | Semester IV | T/P | C | H/W |
|--------------------|----------|--------------------|-----|---|-----|
| 23BPH4S2 | SEC-VII | PHYSICS OF MEDICAL | T | 2 | 2 |

| | INSTRUMENTS | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Learning Object | ive: The students will be exposed to instruments like ECG, EEG, EMG, | | | | | | | | |
| medical imaging, | ical imaging, diagnostic specialties, operation theater and its safety which will kindle | | | | | | | | |
| interest to speciali | lize in instrument servicing. | | | | | | | | |
| UNITS | COURSE DETAILS | | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-I | BIO-POTENTIALS AND ELECTRODES: Transport of ions through cell membrane- resting and action potential - Characteristics of resting potential - bio-electric potential - design of medical instruments - components of bio-medical instrumentation - electrodes - electrode potential - metal microelectrode - depth and needle electrodes - types of surface electrode - the pH electrode. | | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-II | Bio-potential based Instrumentation: Electrocardiography (ECG) – origin of cardiac action potential - ECG lead configuration –block diagram of ECG recording set up (qualitative) – Electroencephalography (EEG) – origin of EEG – action and evoked potentials - brain waves – block diagram of modern EEG set up – electromyography (EMG) – block diagram of EMG recording setup. | | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-III | OPERATION THEATRE AND SAFETY: Diathermy – block diagram of the electrosurgical diathermy– shortwave, microwave, ultrasonic diathermy – ventilators – servo controlled systems – RADIATION SAFETY: Units of radiation - pocket dosimeter – pocket type radiation alarm – thermo-luminescence dosimeter. | | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-IV | MEDICAL IMAGING: Nuclear imaging technique –computer tomography (CT) – principle – mathematical basis of image construction –block diagram of CT scanner – ultrasonic imaging systems – construction of transducer – display modes – MRI principle and instrumentation. | | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-V | DIAGNOSTICS AND SPECIALITIES: X-rays in radiography – fluoroscopy – comparison– image intensifiers – angiography – applications of X-ray examination (<i>problems</i>). LASER IN MEDICINE: Laser interactions with biomolecules – advantages of laser surgery – endoscopy – types of endoscopes with their operation (qualitative). | | | | | | | | |
| TEXT BOOKS | Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurement, Leslie Cromwell, PHI, 2015 Medical Instrumentation, M. Arumugam, Anuradha agencies, 1992 Medical Electronics, M.J.Kumar Doss, Prathibha Publishers, 1987 Medical Physics, John R. Cameron and James G. Skofronick, Thrift books, Atlanta, 1985 Electronic Instruments and Instrumentation Technology, M. M.M.Anand, PHI, 2015 | | | | | | | | |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| COURSETITLE | ELECTRICITY, MAGNETISM AND |
|----------------------|---|
| | ELECTROMAGNETISM |
| COURSE CODE | 23BPH5C1 |
| CREDITS | 4 Hours:5 |
| COURSE OBJECTIVES | To classify materials based on their electrical and magnetic properties. To analyse the working principles of electrical gadgets. To understand the behaviour of dc, ac and transient currents. To know about the communication by electromagnetic waves. |
| UNITS | COURSE DETAILS |
| UNIT-I | CAPACITORS AND THERMO ELECTRICITY: Capacitor – principle – capacitance of spherical and cylindrical capacitors – capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor (with and without dielectric slab) – effect of dielectric –Carey Foster bridge – temperature coefficient of resistance – Seebeck effect – laws of thermo emf – Peltier effect – Thomson effect – thermoelectric diagrams –uses of thermoelectric diagrams – thermodynamics of thermo couple – determination of Peltier and Thomson coefficients. MAGNETIC EFFECTS OF CURRENT: Biot and Savart's law – |
| UNIT-II | magnetic induction due to circular coil – magnetic induction due to solenoid – Helmholtz tangent galvanometer –force on a current element by magnetic field – force between two infinitely long conductors – torque on a current loop in a field - moving coil galvanometer – damping correction – Ampere's circuital law – differential form – divergence of magnetic field – magnetic induction due to toroid. |
| UNIT-III | MAGNETISM AND ELCTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION: Magnetic induction B – magnetization M - relation between B , H and M – magnetic susceptibility – magnetic permeability – experiment to draw B - H curve – energy loss due to hysteresis – Importance of hysteresis curves – Faraday and Lenz laws –vector form – self-induction – coefficient of self-inductance of solenoid – Anderson's method – mutual induction – coefficient of mutual inductance between two coaxial solenoids – coefficient of coupling – earth inductor- determination of angle of $dip(\Phi)$ |
| UNIT-IV | TRANSIENT AND ALTERNATING CURRENTS: Growth and decay of current in a circuit containing resistance and inductance – growth and decay of charge in a circuit containing resistance and capacitor – growth and decay of charge in an LCR circuit (expressions for charge only) – peak, average and rms values of ac – LCR series and parallel circuits – resonance condition – Q factor – power factor. |
| UNIT-V | MAXWELLS EQUATIONS AND ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES: Maxwell's equations in vacuum, material media—physical significance of Maxwell's equations—displacement |

| | current – plane electromagnetic waves in free space – velocity of | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | light - Poynting vector-electromagnetic waves in a | | | | | | | |
| | homogenous media – refractive index. | | | | | | | |
| | PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTES E | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-VI PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS: Expert lectures – | | | | | | | | |
| - ' ' | - webinars - industry inputs - social accountability - patriotism | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Murugeshan. R., - Electricity and Magnetism, 8 th Edn, 2006, | | | | | | | |
| | S.Chandand Co, New Delhi.\ | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Sehgal D.L., Chopra K.L, Sehgal N.K., - Electricity and | | | | | | | |
| TEXT BOOKS | Magnetism, | | | | | | | |
| IEXI BOOKS | 3. Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi. | | | | | | | |
| | 4. M. Narayanamurthy and N. Nagarathnam, Electricity and | | | | | | | |
| | Magnetism, 4th Edition. | | | | | | | |
| | 5. National Publishing Co., Meerut. | | | | | | | |
| | 1. 1. Brijlal and Subramanian, Electricity and Magnetism, 6th | | | | | | | |
| | Edn.,Ratanand Prakash, Agra. | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Brijlal, N.Subramanyan and JivanSeshan, Mechanics and | | | | | | | |
| | Electrodynamics (2005), | | | | | | | |
| REFERENCE | 3. Eurasia Publishing House (Pvt.) Ltd., New Delhi. | | | | | | | |
| BOOKS | 4. David J. Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, 2 nd Edn. 1997, | | | | | | | |
| | Prentice Hall of | | | | | | | |
| | 5. India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi | | | | | | | |
| | 6. D. Halliday, R. Resnik and J. Walker - Fundamentals of Physics, | | | | | | | |
| | 6 th Edn., Wiley, NY, 2001. | | | | | | | |
| | 8. https://www.edx.org/course/electricity | | | | | | | |
| WEB | 9. https://www.udemy.com/courses/ electricity | | | | | | | |
| RESOURCES | 10. https://www.edx.org/course/magnetism | | | | | | | |
| ILLOURCES | 11. http://www.hajim.rochester.edu/optics/undergraduate/courses.ht | | | | | | | |
| | <u>ml</u> | | | | | | | |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

| | CO1 | Describe various thermo-electric effects and their properties. |
|-------|-----|--|
| | CO2 | Apply Biot and Savart law to study the magnetic effect of electric current. |
| COMES | CO3 | Use Faraday and Lenz laws in explaining self and mutual inductance. |
| COMES | CO4 | Analyze the time variation of current and potential difference in AC circuits. |
| | CO5 | Relate different physical quantities used to explain magnetic properties of materials. |

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** in the 3-points scale of STRONG(S), MEDIUM(M) and LOW(L).

| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | M | S | M |
| CO2 | M | S | S | S | M | S | S | M | M | M |
| CO3 | S | S | S | M | S | S | S | M | S | M |
| CO4 | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | M | M | M |
| CO5 | S | S | M | S | S | S | M | M | S | M |

| COURSE | FIFTH SEMESTER – CORE THEORY VI |
|-------------|--|
| COURSE | ATOMIC AND NUCLEAR PHYSICS |
| TITLE& | |
| COURSE CODE | |
| CREDITS | 4 Hours:5 |
| COURSE | To make students understand the development of atom models, |
| OBJECTIVES | quantum numbers, coupling schemes and analysis of magnetic |
| | moments of an electrons; To gain knowledge on excitation and |
| | ionization potentials, splitting of spectral lines in magnetic and electric fields; To get knowledge on radioactive decay; To know the |
| | concepts used in nuclear reaction; to understand the quark model of |
| | classification of elementary particles. |
| UNITS | COURSE DETAILS |
| | VECTOR ATOM MODEL: Introduction to atom model – vector |
| | atom model – electron spin –spatial quantisation– quantum |
| | numbers associated with vector atom model – L-S and J-J |
| UNIT-I | coupling – Pauli's exclusion principle – magnetic dipole moment |
| | due to orbital motion and spin motion of the electron – Bohr |
| | magnetron – Stern-Gerlach experiment – selection rules – intensity |
| | rule. |
| | ATOMIC SPECTRA: Origin of atomic spectra – excitation and |
| | ionization potentials – Davis and Goucher's method – spectral |
| | terms and notations – fine structure of sodium D-lines – Zeeman |
| UNIT-II | effect –Larmor's theorem – quantum mechanical explanation of |
| | normal Zeeman effect – anomalous Zeeman effect (qualitative |
| | explanation) –Paschen-Back effect – Stark effect. |
| | RADIOACTIVITY: Discovery of radioactivity – natural radio |
| | activity – properties of alpha rays, beta rays and gamma rays – |
| | Geiger-Nuttal law – alpha particle spectra –Gammow's theory of |
| UNIT-III | alpha decay (qualitative study) – beta ray spectra – neutrino theory |
| | of beta decay – nuclear isomerism – internal conversion – non- |
| | conservation of parity in weak interactions. |
| | NUCLEAR REACTIONS: Conservation laws of nuclear reaction |
| | - Q-value equation for a nuclear reaction – threshold energy – |
| LINIT IV | scattering cross section – artificial radio activity – application of |
| UNIT-IV | radio isotopes – classification of neutrons – models of nuclear |
| | |
| | structure – liquid drop model – shell model. ELEMENTARY PARTICLES: Classification of elementary |
| | • |
| | particles – fundamental interactions – elementary particle quantum |
| UNIT-V | numbers – isospin and strangeness quantum number – Conservation |
| | laws and symmetry – quarks – quark model (elementary ideas |
| | only) – discovery of cosmic rays – primary and secondary cosmic |
| | rays – latitude effect– altitude effect. |

| TINITE VI | PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS: Expert lectures –seminars – |
|--------------------|--|
| UNIT-VI | – webinars – industry inputs – social accountability – patriotism |
| TEXT BOOKS | R. Murugesan, Modern Physics, S. Chand and Co. (All units) (Units IandII-Problems) Brijlaland N. Subrahmanyam, Atomic and Nuclear Physics, S. Chand and Co. (All units) J. B. Rajam, Modern Physics, S. Chand and Co. SehgalandChopra, Modern Physics, Sultan Chand, New Delhi Arthur Beiser— Concept of Modern Physics, McGraw Hill Publication, 6th Edition. |
| REFERENCE BOOKS | Perspective of Modern Physics, Arthur Beiser, McGraw Hill. Modern Physics, S. Ramamoorthy, National Publishing and Co. Laser and Non-Linear Optics by B.B.Laud, Wiley Easter Ltd., New York, 1985. Tayal, D.C.2000 – Nuclear Physics, Edition, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai. Irving Kaplan (1962) Nuclear Physics, Second Edition, Oxford and IBH Publish and Co, New Delhi. J.B. Rajam– Atomic Physics, S. Chand Publication, 7th Edition. Roy and Nigam, – Nuclear Physics (1967) First edition, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi. |
| WEB RESOURCES | http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hframe.html https://makingphysicsfun.files.wordpress.com/2015/01/photoelectric-effect.pptx https://www.khanacademy.org/science/physics/quantum-physics/in-in-nuclei/v/types-of-decay https://www.khanacademy.org/science/in-in-class-12th-physics-india/nuclei |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

| | CO1 | List the properties of electrons and positive rays, define | | | |
|--------------------|-----|---|--|--|--|
| COURSEO UTCOMES | | specific charge of positive rays and know about different mass | | | |
| | | spectrographs. | | | |
| | CO2 | Outline photoelectric effect and the terms related to it, State | | | |
| | | laws of photoelectric emission, Explain experiments and | | | |
| | | applications of photo electric effect, Solve problems based on | | | |
| | | photoelectric equation. | | | |

| CO3 | Explain different atom models, Describe different quantum |
|-----|---|
| | numbers and different coupling schemes. |
| CO4 | Differentiate between excitation and ionization potentials, |
| | Explain Davis and Goucher's experiment, Apply selection rule, |
| | Analyse Paschen-Back effect, Compare Zeeman and Stark |
| | effect. |
| CO5 | Understand the condition for production of laser, Appreciate |
| | various properties and applications of lasers. |

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | M | S | M |
| CO2 | S | S | M | S | M | S | S | M | M | M |
| CO3 | S | S | S | M | S | S | M | S | S | S |
| CO4 | M | S | S | S | S | M | S | M | M | M |
| CO5 | S | M | S | S | M | S | S | M | M | S |

| | 3. B.L. Theraja - A Text Book of Electrical Technology. |
|--------------------|---|
| | |
| | 4. John D. Ryder - Electronic fundamentals and Applications. |
| | 5. Malvino - Electronic Principles, Tata McGraw Hill. |
| | 1. B. Grob - Basic Electronics, 6 th edition, McGraw Hill, NY, |
| | 1989. |
| | 2. Herbert Taub and Donald schilling - Digital Integrated |
| REFERENCE BOOKS | Electronics, McGraw Hill, NY. |
| | 3. Ramakant A. – Op amp principles and linear integrated circuits, |
| | Gaykward |
| | 4. Bagde and S. P. Singh - Elements of Electronics. |
| | 5. Millman and Halkias- Integrated Electronics, Tata McGraw |
| | Hill. |
| | 1. https://www.queenmaryscollege.edu.in/eresources/undergraduat |
| | eprogram/py157 |
| WEB | 2. www.ocw.mit.edu>> Circuits and Electronics |
| RESOURCES | 3. www.ocw.mit.edu>> Introductory Analog Electronics Laboratory |
| | 4. https:// www.elprocus.com> semiconductor devices |
| | 5. https://www.britannica.com>technology |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

| | CO1 | Explain the basic concepts of semiconductors devices. | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | CO2 | know and classify the basic principles of biasing and transistor | | | | | |
| COURCEO | | amplifiers | | | | | |
| COURSEO UTCOMES | CO3 | Acquire the fundamental concepts of oscillators. | | | | | |
| UTCOMES | CO4 | Understand the working of operational amplifiers | | | | | |
| | CO5 | Learn and analyze the operations of sequential and | | | | | |
| | | combinational digital circuits | | | | | |

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | M | S | M |
| CO2 | S | S | M | S | M | M | S | M | M | M |
| CO3 | M | M | S | L | S | S | L | S | S | S |
| CO4 | M | S | S | S | S | S | S | M | L | M |
| CO5 | S | M | S | S | M | M | S | M | M | S |

| COURSE | FIFTH SEMESTER - CORE PRACTICAL | | | | |
|-------------------|---|---------|--|--|--|
| COURSETITLE | PRACTICAL – V GENERAL PHYSICS | | | | |
| COURSE CODE | 23BPH5P1 | | | | |
| CREDITS | 4 | Hours:4 | | | |
| COURSE | Demonstrate various optical phenomena principles, working, apply with | | | | |
| OBJECTIVES | various materials and interpret the results. | | | | |
| CENEDAL DUVCICS | | | | | |

GENERAL PHYSICS

Minimum of Eight Experiments from the list:

- 1. Diffraction grating Normal incidence.
- 2. Diffraction grating minimum deviation.
- 3. Specific rotation of sugar solution.
- 4. Bi-prism Determination of μ .
- 5. Thickness of a thin film of Bi-prism
- 6. Brewster's law polarization
- 7. Double refraction (μe and μo)
- 8. Y by Corlus method.
- 9. Dispersive power of plane diffraction grating.
- 10. Diffraction a straight edge.
- 11. Kundt's tube Velocity of sound, Adiabatic Young's modulus of the material of the rod.
- 12. Forbe's method Thermal conductivity of a metal rod.
- 13. Spectrometer– Grating Normal incidence Wave length of Mercury spectral lines.
- 14. Spectrometer Grating Minimum deviation Wave length of Mercury spectral lines.
- 15. Spectrometer (i-d) curve.
- 16. Spectrometer (i-i') curve.
- 17. Spectrometer Narrow angled prism.
- 18. Rydberg's constant
- 19. Spectral response of photo conductor (LDR).
- 20. Potentiometer Resistance and Specific resistance of the coil.
- 21. Potentiometer E.M.F of a thermocouple.
- 22. Carey Foster's bridge Temperature coefficient of resistance of the coil.
- 23. Deflection Magnetometer Determination of Magnetic moment of a bar magnet and B_H using circular coil carrying current.
- 24. Vibration magnetometer Determination of B_H using circular coil carrying current— Tan B position.
- 25. B.G Figure of Merit Charge Sensitivity

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Course Code | Categ | gory | Semester | T/P | C | H/W | | |
|---|-----------|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| 23BPH5E1 | DSE-I A | | COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS | T | 3 | 5 | | |
| Learning Obje | ective: | To ge | t a thorough knowledge on transmiss | ion and r | eception | of radio | | |
| waves, the diffe | erent typ | pes of | communication like fibre optic, rada | r, satellite | , cellula | r | | |
| UNITS | | COURSE DETAILS | | | | | | |
| UNIT-I | | modu limita comp demo recei FM r | plo TRANSMISSION AND RECUlation types of modulation — ations of amplitude modulation — parison of FM and AM — demodulation — receivers: AM radio receivers — stages of super heterodyne radio receiver — difference between FM and | amplitude frequence nodulation ivers – ty dio receive AM rece | e moduley module ry module rpes of Aver, advantage | lation – lation – ntials in AM radio intages – | | |
| UNIT-II | | FIBER OPTIC COMMUNICATION: Introduction — basic principle of fiber optics — advantages — construction of optical fiber — classification based on the refractive index profile — classification based on the number of modes of propagation — losses in optical fibers — attenuation—advantages of fiber optic communication | | | | | | |
| UNIT-III | | RADAR COMMUNICATION: Introduction - basic radar system -radar range - antenna scanning -pulsed radar system - search radar -tracking radar - moving target indicator Doppler effect-MTI principle - CW Doppler radar | | | | | | |
| UNIT-IV | | SATELLITE COMMUNICATION: Introduction history of satellites – satellite communication system – satellite orbits – basic components of satellite communication system – commonly used frequency in satellite – communication –multiple access communication – satellite communication in India | | | | | | |
| UNIT-V | | MOBILE COMMUNICATION: Introduction – concept of cell – basic cellular mobile radio system – cellphone – facsimile – important features of fax machine – application of facsimile – VSAT (very small aperture terminals) modem IPTV (internet protocol television) -Wi-Fi-4G (basic ideas) | | | | | | |
| TEXT BOOK | S | V.K.Metha, Principles of Electronics, S. Chand and CoLtd., 2013 Anokh Singh and Chopra A.K., Principles of communication Engineering, S.Chandand Co, 2013 | | | | | | |
| REFERENCE BOOKS Engineering, S.Chandand Co, 2013 1. J.S. Chitode, Digital Communications, 2020, Unicorr publications 2. Senior John. M, Optical Fiber Communications: Print Practice, 2009, Pearson Education. | | | | | | es and | | |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Course Code | Cate | egory Semester | | | | T/P | C | H/W | |
|-----------------|--------|---|-----------------------------------|-----------|----------------|------------|------------------------|-----------|--|
| 23BPH5E2 | DSE | E-I B | ENERG | Y PHY | SICS | T | 3 | 5 | |
| Learning Obje | ective | To get the understanding of the conventional and non-conventional | | | | | | | |
| energy sources, | their | conserv | ation and stora | ge syster | ns. | | | | |
| UNITS | | | | | RSE DETAI | | | | |
| | | INTR | ODUCTION | TO | ENERGY | SOUR | CES: | Energy | |
| UNIT-I | | consu | mption as a m | easure o | of prosperity | - world | energy | future – | |
| | | energy | sources and th | eir avail | ability – conv | ventional | energy s | sources – | |
| | | non-co | onventional and | d renew | able energy | sources | comp | arison – | |
| | | merits | and demerits. | | | | | | |
| | | SOLA | R ENERGY: | Solar e | nergy Introd | uction – | solar co | onstant – | |
| | | | radiation at the | | = - | | | | |
| UNIT-II | | | radiation meas | | | | _ | = | |
| | | | e and storage sy | | | | | 0.5 | |
| | | _ | – solar greenho | | - | | | | |
| | | | ENERGY: In | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-III | | of wind energy conversion – wind energy data and energy estimation – basic components of Wind Energy Conversion Systems (WECS) – | | | | | | | |
| | | advantages and disadvantages of WECS – applications – tidal energy | | | | | | | |
| | | | IASS ENERG | | | = = | | | |
| | | BIOMASS ENERGY: Introduction – classification – biomass conversion technologies –photosynthesis – fermentation - biogas | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-IV | | | | | | | | | |
| | | generation –classification of biogas plants – anaerobic digestion for biogas – wood gasification – advantages and disadvantages. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | ottorios | |
| | | ENERGY STORAGE: Importance of energy storage- batteries - | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-V | | lead acid battery -nickel-cadmium battery – fuel cells – types of fuel cells – advantages and disadvantages of fuel cells – applications of | | | | | | | |
| | | | _ | | vantages of 1 | uci cciis | – appne | ations of | |
| | | fuel cells - hydrogen storage. 1. G.D.Rai, Non-Conventional Sources of Energy, Khanna | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | ai Sources of | Ellergy, r | XIIaIIIIa | | |
| | _ | Publishers, 2009, 4 th Edn. 2. S P Sukhstme, J K Nayak, Solar Energy, Principles of Thermal | | | | | | | |
| TEXT BOOKS | S | | llection and Sto | | | | | | |
| | | | P Kothari, K P S | - | | | | Ltd, | |
| | | 2011, 2 nd Edn. | | | | | | | |
| | | | n Twidelland T | | | e Energy 1 | Resource | es, | |
| | | | ylor and Francis | | | 11 F | | 1 | |
| REFERENCE | | | A. Abbasi and N | | • | | ~ | | |
| BOOKS | | | ir environmenta P. Agarwal, So | | • | _ | - | | |
| DOOKS | | | 1 . Agai wai, 30 lhi,1982 | Tur Liter | 5, 5. Chand | una Co. I | , 110V | • | |
| | | | C. Jain, Non-Co | onventio | nal Sources o | of Energy, | Sterling | 5 | |
| | | | blishers, 1986. | | | | | | |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Course Code | Catego | ory | Semester | T/P | C | H/W |
|------------------|--|--|---|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| 23BPH5E3 | DSE-I | C | MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS | T | 3 | 5 |
| | | | understand higher mathematical cor | cepts wh | ich are | |
| | solve problems in Physics and similar situations | | | | | 11 |
| UNITS | Ĭ | COURSE DETAILS | | | | |
| | N | MAT | TRICES: Types of matrices – symmetric | etric, Heri | mitian, u | nitary and |
| | C | ortho | gonal matrices- characteristic equa | ation of | a matrix | – Eigen |
| UNIT-I | | | es and Eigen vectors of a matrix – of | | | |
| | | | se of matrix by Cayley-Hamilt | | | |
| | | | formations – diagonalization of 2x2 i | | | |
| | I . | | TOR CALCULUS: Vector dif | | | directional |
| ****** | | | atives –definitions and Physical | | | |
| UNIT-II | | | gence, curl – Laplace operators– ved | | | |
| | I . | | volume integrals – statement, proo | | | |
| | | | s's divergence theorem, Stoke's theo | | | |
| | I . | | THOGONAL CURVILINEAR C vectors – scale factors – unit vectors | | | _ |
| UNIT-III | | | linate systems –gradient of a scalar | | | |
| | | | or – Laplacian in these coordinate sys | | nice and | cuii oi a |
| | | | RIER SERIES: Periodic function | | let's cor | nditions – |
| | | | ral Fourier series – even and odd | | | |
| | | expansions – Fourier cosine and sine – half range series – change of | | | | |
| | | length of interval. Fourier analysis of square wave, saw-tooth wave, | | | | |
| UNIT-IV | I . | half wave/full wave rectifier wave forms. | | | | |
| | H | FOURIER TRANSFORMS: Fourier Integral theorem(Statement | | | | |
| | C | only)-Fourier, Fourier sine and Fourier cosine transforms,- Fourier | | | | |
| | | transform of single pulse – trigonometric, exponential and Gaussian | | | | |
| | | functions – inverse Fourier transform – convolution theorem. | | | | |
| | I . | | LICATIONS OF PARTIAL DIFF | | _ | |
| | | (PDE): PDE for transverse vibrations in elastic strings (one | | | | |
| UNIT-V | I . | dimensional wave equation) –one dimensional heat flow equation – | | | | |
| | I . | | ions to these PDE's by method or | - | | |
| | | | ems based on boundary conditions and dvanced Engineering Mathematics, I | | | |
| | | | viley India. | ziwili Kie | yszig, zc | ,000, |
| | | | lathematical Physics – P. K. Chattopa | adhyay N | ew Age | |
| TEXT BOO | KS ' | | ternational Publishers. | idiiyay, ix | cw rige | |
| | | | Sathematical Physics – B. D. Gupta. | | | |
| | | | lathematical Physics – H. K. Das, S. | Chand and | d Co, Ne | w Delhi. |
| | | | ourier Analysis by M.R. Spiegel, 200 | | | |
| | | | ngineering Mathematics III- B, M. K | | | |
| REFERENC | E 3 | | pplied Mathematics for Scientists and | | | |
| BOOKS | | | usseand Erik A. Westwig, 2 nd Ed, W | | | |
| | 4 | | ector space and Matrices – J. C. Jain | , Narosa F | Publishin | g House |
| | | | vt. Ltd. | | | |
| METHOD OI | FFVALL | [] A T | ION. | | | |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Course Code | Category | Semester | T/P | C | H/W |
|----------------|-------------|--|-----------|------------|-----------|
| 23BPH5E4 | DSE-II A | NUMERICAL METHODS AND C PROGRAMMING | T | 3 | 5 |
| Learning O | hiective: 7 | o understand the methods in nu | merical i | differenti | ation and |

Learning Objective: To understand the methods in numerical differentiation and integration and to develop the problem solving skills of the student. To introduce and explain the basic structure, rules of compiling and execution of C programming.

| | tructure, rules of compiling and execution of C programming. |
|--------------------|---|
| UNITS | COURSE DETAILS |
| UNIT-I | NUMERICAL SOLUTIONS: Determination of zeros of polynomials – roots of linear and nonlinear algebraic and transcendental equations – bisection and Newton-Raphson methods – convergence and divergence of solutions |
| UNIT-II | NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION, INTEGRATION AND CURVE FITTING: Newton's forward and backward interpolation – Lagrange's interpolation – Newton-Raphson method to find square root and cube roots – principle of least squares – fitting a straight line and exponential curve – trapezoidal rule – Simpson's 1/3 and 1/8 rule |
| UNIT-III | ALGORITHM, FLOW CHART AND PROGRAM: Development of algorithm – flow chart for solving simple problems– average of set of numbers – greatest, smallest – conversion of Fahrenheit to Celsius and Celsius to Kelvin, miles to kilometer – sorting set of numbers in ascending and descending order – square matrix, addition, subtraction and multiplication of order (2x2) using arrays. |
| UNIT-IV | INTRODUCTION TO C: Importance of C – basic structure of C programming – constants, variables and data types – character set, key words and identifiers – declaration of variables and data types – operators – expressions: arithmetic, relational, logical, assignment – increment and decrement – conditional – comma operators |
| UNIT-V | CONTROL STRUCTURE: Decision making with if, if-else, nested if – switch –go to – break – continue –while, do while, for statements – arrays, one dimensional and two dimensional – declaring arrays – storing arrays in memory –initializing arrays – simple programs |
| TEXT BOOKS | Numerical methods, Singaravelu, Meenakshipublication, 4thEdn., 1999. Numerical methods P. Kandasamy, K. Thilagavathy, K. Gunavathi, S. Chand, 2016 Programming in C, Balagurusamy, TMG, ND, 2012 Numerical Analysis, M.K. Venkatraman, NPH, 2013 Numerical Analysis, B.D. Gupta, Konark Publishers, New Delhi, 2013 |
| REFERENCE BOOKS | Schaum's outline series, Theory and Problems of programming in C, C.Byronand S. Gottfried, Tata McGraw Hill 2003 Numerical methods and C Programming, Veerarajan, 2015. |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Code | ategory | Semester-V | T/P | C | H/W | |
|-------------------|--|--|-------------|------------|-------------|--|
| | SE-II B | MATERIAL SCIENCE | T | 3 | 5 | |
| Learning Object | ctive: To | learn imperfections in crystals, de | formation | of mat | erials and | |
| testing of materi | als. To ge | t knowledge on behavior of a materi | ial, under | the action | on of light | |
| and their applica | ications. To know the applications of crystal defects. | | | | | |
| UNITS | | COURSE DETAI | | | | |
| | | CRYSTAL IMPERFECTIONS: Introduction – point defe | | | | |
| | | cies(problems), interstitials, impur | | | | |
| | | brium concentration of point | - | · · | , | |
| UNIT-I | | eation of point defects –line defects: | _ | _ | | |
| | | dislocation – surface defects: ex | | | | |
| | | ts: grain boundaries, tilt and twist b | | | oundaries, | |
| | | ng faults – volume defects – effect of | | | | |
| | | ERIAL DEFORMATION: Introdu | | | | |
| ************ | | ials – atomic model of elastic behavi | | | • | |
| UNIT-II | | sign – rubber like elasticity – inelas | | | | |
| | | ation process – visco elastic behavior | | ıals – sp | rıng-Dash | |
| | | odels of visco elastic behavior of mat | | DENIGE | HENHNIC | |
| | | | | | HENING | |
| | | HODS OF MATERIALS: Introdu | | | | |
| UNIT-III | | tensile stress-strain curve – plastic deformation by slip – creep: mechanism of creep – creep resistant materials – strengthening | | | | |
| | | ods: strain hardening, grain refi | | | | |
| | | thening – precipitation strengthening | | – sona | Solution | |
| | | CAL MATERIALS: Introduction | | cal abso | rntion in | |
| | | | | | | |
| UNIT-IV | | metals, semiconductors and insulators – NLO materials and their applications – display devices and display materials: fluorescence and | | | | |
| | | phosphorescence – light emitting diodes –liquid crystal displays. | | | | |
| | | HANICAL TESTING: Destruct | | | | |
| | | ression test, hardness test – none | | | | |
| UNIT-V | | graphic methods, ultrasonic methods | | | - ' | |
| | | ography – equipment used for NDT: | | | | |
| | 1. Ma | terial science and Engineering, Ragha | van V, | Prentice | Hall of | |
| TEXT BOOKS | | lia, Sixth Edition, 2015 | | | | |
| | 2. Ma | terials science, V. Rajendran, McGraw | Hill publ | ications 2 | 2011 | |
| | 1. Wi | lliam D. Callister, Jr., Material Scientification | ence and | Engineer | ring – An | |
| | Int | roduction, 8th Edition, John Wiley and | Sons, Inc | ., 2007 | | |
| | 2. W. | Bolton, "Engineering materials | technolog | gy", 3rd | Edition, | |
| DEFEDENCE | Bu | tterworth and Heinemann, 2001. | | | | |
| REFERENCE | 3. Do | nald R. Askeland, Pradeep P. Phule, " | The Scien | ce and E | ngineering | |
| BOOKS | of | Materials", 5th Edition, Thomson Le | arning, Fi | rst India | n Reprint, | |
| | 200 | 07. | | | | |
| | 8. Wi | lliam F. Smith, "Structure and Proper | rties of Er | ngineerin | g Alloys", | |
| | Mo | -Graw-Hill Inc., U.S.A, 2nd edition, 19 | 993. | | | |

Semester-V

C

T/P

H/W

METHOD OF EVALUATION:

Course

Category

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Course Code | Category | Semester-V | T/P | C | H/W |
|----------------|----------|-------------------------------------|-----|---|-----|
| 23BPH5E6 | DSE-II C | NANO SCIENCE AND NANO TECHNOLOGY | Т | 3 | 5 |

Learning Objective: This course aims to provide an overall understanding of Nano science and Nanotechnology and introduces different types of nano materials, their properties, fabrication methods, characterization techniques and a range of applications.

| | COLDER DETAILS |
|------------|---|
| UNITS | COURSE DETAILS |
| | NANOSCIENCE AND NANOTECHNOLOGY: Nanoscale – |
| | nature and nanostructures – nanostructures: 0D, 1D,2D– surface to |
| UNIT-I | volume ratio – size effect – excitons – quantum confinement– metal |
| 01111-1 | based nano particles (metal and metal oxide) – nano composites (non- |
| | polymer based) - carbon nanostructures - fullerene -SWCNT and |
| | MWCNT |
| | PROPERTIES OF NANOMATERIALS: Introduction –mechanical |
| | behavior –elastic properties – hardness and strength – ductility and |
| TINITE IT | toughness –superplastic behavior – optical properties – surface |
| UNIT-II | plasmon resonance – electrical properties – dielectric materials and |
| | properties – magnetic properties – super paramagnetism – |
| | electrochemical properties – properties of CNTs. |
| | FABRICATION METHODS AND VACUUM TECHNIQUES: |
| | Top-down and bottom-up approaches – electrochemical method – |
| | chemical and physical vapour depositions (CVD and PVD) – plasma |
| UNIT-III | arc discharge – sputtering – thermal evaporation – pulsed laser |
| | deposition – ball milling – lithography: photolithography – e-beam |
| | lithography – sol-gel methods – synthesis of CNT. |
| | CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES: Scanning probe |
| | microscopy – scanning tunneling microscopy – atomic force |
| UNIT-IV | microscopy – scanning electron microscopy – transmission electron |
| | microscopy –powder XRD method: determination of structure and |
| | grain size analysis – UV-visible and photoluminescence spectroscopy. |
| | APPLICATIONS OF NANOMATERIALS: Medicine: drug delivery – |
| | photodynamic therapy – molecular motors –energy: fuel cells – rechargeable |
| TINITE X7 | batteries – super capacitors– photo voltaics. Sensors: nanosensors based on |
| UNIT-V | optical and physical properties – electrochemical sensors – nanobiosensors. |
| | Nano electronics: CNTFET – display screens – GMR read/write heads – |
| | nanorobots –applications of CNTs |
| | 1. K.K.Chattopadhyay and A.N.Banerjee, (2012), Introduction to Nanoscience and |
| TEXT DOOKS | Nanotechnology, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2 M.A. Shah, Tokear Ahmad (2010) Principles of Nanoscience and |
| TEXT BOOKS | 2. M.A. Shah, Tokeer Ahmad (2010), <u>Principles of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology</u> , Narosa Publishing House Pvt Ltd. |
| | 3. Mick Wilson, et al (2005) Nanotechnology, Overseas Press. |
| | 1. Richard Booker and Earl Boysen, (2005) Nanotechnology, Wiley Publishing Inc. |
| DEFEDENCE | USA |
| REFERENCE | 2. J.H.Fendler (2007) Nano particles and nano structured films; Preparation, |
| BOOKS | Characterization and Applications, John Wiley and Sons 3. B.S.Murty, et al (2012) Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, |
| | Universities Press. |
| L | 1 |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| COURSE | SIXTH SEMESTER – CORE THEORY VIII |
|-------------------|--|
| COURSETITLE | QUANTUM MECHANICS AND RELATIVITY |
| COURSE CODE | 23BPH6C1 |
| CREDITS | 4 Hours:6 |
| COURSE | To understand the theory of relativity, its postulates and the |
| OBJECTIVES | consequences. To learn the importance of transformation equations |
| | and also to differentiate between special and general theory of |
| | relativity. To interpret the wave theory of matter with various |
| | theoretical and experimental evidences. To derive and use |
| | Schrodinger's wave equation and also learn about various |
| | operators. To solve Schrodinger's wave equation for simple |
| | problems and analyse to understand the solutions. |
| UNITS | COURSE DETAILS |
| | SPECIAL THEORY OF RELATIVITY: Michelson-Morley |
| | experiment–frames of reference – Galilean Relativity – postulates |
| | of special theory of relativity – Lorentz transformation – |
| UNIT-I | consequences – time dilation–concept of simultaneity – Doppler |
| | effect – length contraction–variation of mass with velocity – |
| | Einstein's mass-energy relation— relativistic momentum— energy |
| | relation |
| | TRANSFORMATION RELATIONS: Transformation of |
| | velocity, mass, energy and momentum – four vector – invariance |
| | under transformation – Lorentz transformation and velocity |
| UNIT-II | addition equations in terms of hyperbolic functions. |
| | GENERAL THEORY OF RELATIVITY: Inertial and |
| | Gravitational mass – Principle of equivalence – Experimental |
| | evidences for General theory of Relativity |
| | PHOTONS AND MATTER WAVES: Difficulties of classical |
| | physics and origin of quantum theory – black body radiation – |
| | Planck's law – Einstein's photoelectric equation – Compton effect |
| UNIT-III | – pair production – De Broglie waves – phase velocity and group |
| | velocity – Davisson and Germer's experiment – uncertainty |
| | principle – consequences – illustration of Gamma ray microscope. |
| | OPERATORS AND SCHRÖDINGER EQUATION: Postulates |
| | of quantum mechanics – Wave function and its interpretation – |
| | Schrödinger's equation – linear operators – Eigen value – |
| | Hermitian operator – properties of Hermitian operator – observable |
| UNIT-IV | – operators for position, linear Momentum, angular momentum |
| | components – commutator algebra – commutator between these |
| | operators –expectation values of position and momentum – |
| | Ehrenfest theorem. |
| | Ehrenfest theorem. |

| | SOLVING SCHRÖDINGER EQUATION FOR SIMPLE | | | | |
|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | PROBLEMS: One-dimensional problems: (i) particle in a box, (ii) | | | | |
| TIMITE X7 | barrier penetration problem – quantum mechanical tunneling, (iii) | | | | |
| UNIT-V | linear harmonic oscillator. | | | | |
| | higher dimensional problems: (i) Rigid rotator (qualitative), (ii) | | | | |
| | Hydrogen atom (qualitative). | | | | |
| | PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS: Expert lectures –seminars – | | | | |
| UNIT-VI | – webinars – industry inputs – social accountability – patriotism | | | | |
| | 1. Modern Physics, R. Murugeshan, KiruthigaSivaprasath,S. | | | | |
| | Chand and Co.,17 th Revised Edition, 2014. | | | | |
| | 2. Concepts of Modern Physics, A.Beiser, 6 th Ed., McGraw-Hill, | | | | |
| TEVT DOOKS | 2003. | | | | |
| | 3. Special Theory of Relativity, S. P. Puri, Pearson Education, | | | | |
| TEXT BOOKS | India, 2013. | | | | |
| | 4. Quantum Mechanics, GhatakandLoganathan, Macmillan | | | | |
| | Publications. | | | | |
| | 5. Quantum mechanics – Satyaprakash and Swati Saluja. | | | | |
| | KedarNath Ram Nathand Co. | | | | |
| | 1. Fundamentals of Modern Physics, Peter J. Nolan, 1 st Edition, | | | | |
| | 2014, by Physics | | | | |
| | 2. Quantum Mechanics, V. Devanathan, Narosa Pub. House, | | | | |
| | Chennai, 2005. | | | | |
| REFERENCE | 3. Quantum Mechanics, V.K. Thangappan, New Age | | | | |
| BOOKS | International, New Delhi. | | | | |
| | 4. A Text Book of Quantum Mechanics, Mathews | | | | |
| | andVenkatesan, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. | | | | |
| | 5. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, Pauling and Wilson, | | | | |
| | McGraw Hill Co., NewYork. | | | | |
| | 1. http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/qapp.html | | | | |
| | 2. https://swayam.gov.in/nd2_arp19_ap83/preview | | | | |
| WEB | 3. https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc20_ph05/preview | | | | |
| RESOURCES | 4. https://www.khanacademy.org/science/physics/special- | | | | |
| | relativity/minkowski-spacetime/v/introduction-to-special- | | | | |
| | relativity-and-minkowski-spacetime-diagrams | | | | |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

| | CO1 Understand various postulates of special theory of relativity | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | CO2 Appreciate the importance of transformation equation | | | | | | | | | |
| | | also the general theory of relativity | | | | | | | | |
| COURSEO | CO3 | Realise the wave nature of matter and understand its | | | | | | | | |
| UTCOMES | | importance | | | | | | | | |
| | CO4 Derive Schrodinger equation and also realize the use of | | | | | | | | | |
| | | perators. | | | | | | | | |
| | CO5 | Apply Schrödinger equation to simple problems. | | | | | | | | |

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | M | S | M |
| CO2 | S | S | M | S | M | M | S | M | M | M |
| CO3 | M | M | S | M | S | S | M | S | S | S |
| CO4 | M | S | S | S | S | S | S | M | M | M |
| CO5 | S | M | S | S | M | M | S | M | M | S |

| COURSE | SIXTH SEMESTER – CORE THEORY IX |
|----------------------|---|
| COURSETITLE | SOLID STATE PHYSICS |
| COURSE CODE | 23BPH6C2 |
| CREDITS | Hours:6 |
| COURSE OBJECTIVES | To understand constituents, properties and models of nucleus. To give reason for radioactivity and study their properties. To learn about the principles of various particle detectors and accelerators. To acquire knowledge on different types of nuclear reactions and their applications. To know the reason for cosmic rays and their effect on |
| | the surface of earth and also understand the classification of |
| | elementary particles. |
| UNITS | COURSE DETAILS |
| UNIT-I | BONDING IN SOLIDS, CRYSTAL STRUCTURE: types of bonding –ionic bonding – bond energy of NaCl molecule –covalent bonding – metallic bonding – hydrogen bonding – Van-der-Waals bonding – crystal lattice – lattice translational vectors – lattice with basis – unit cell – Bravais' lattices – Miller indices – procedure for finding them –packing of BCC and FCC structures – structures of NaCl and diamond crystals –reciprocal lattice – reciprocal lattice vectors – properties – reciprocal lattices to SC, BCC and FCC structures – Brillouin zones – X-rays – Bragg's law(simple problems) – experimental methods: Laue method, powder method and rotating crystal method |
| UNIT-II | ELEMENTARY LATTICE DYNAMICS: lattice vibrations and phonons: linear mono atomic and diatomic chains. acoustical and optical phonons –qualitative description of the phonon spectrum in solids –Dulong and Petit's Law – Einstein and Debye theories of specific heat of solids – T³ law (qualitative only)–properties of metals – classical free electron theory of metals(Drude-Lorentz) – Ohm's law – electrical and thermal conductivities – Weidemann-Franz' law –Sommerfeld's quantum free electron theory (qualitative only) – Einstein's theory of specific heat capacity. |
| UNIT-III | MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF SOLIDS: Permeability, susceptibility, relation between them – classification of magnetic materials – properties of dia, para, ferro, ferri and anti ferromagnetism –Langevin's theory of diamagnetism – Langevin's theory of paramagnetism – Curie-Weiss law – Weiss theory of ferromagnetism(qualitative only) – Heisenberg's quantum theory of ferromagnetism – domains – discussion of B-H curve –hysteresis and energy loss – soft and hard magnets – magnetic alloys. |
| UNIT-IV | DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS: polarization and electric susceptibility –local electric field of an atom – dielectric constant and polarisability – polarization processes: electronic |

| | polarization— calculation of polarisability – ionic, orientational and |
|------------|---|
| | space charge polarization –internal field –Clausius-Mosotti relation – |
| | frequency dependence of dielectric constant –dielectric loss – effect |
| | of temperature on dielectric constant – dielectric breakdown and its |
| | types – classical theory of electric polarisability –normal and |
| | |
| | anomalous dispersion – Cauchy and Sellmeir relations –Langevin- |
| | Debye equation – complex dielectric constant -optical phenomena. |
| | Application – plasma oscillations – plasma frequency –plasmons, |
| | FERROELECTRIC and SUPERCONDUCTING PROPERTIES |
| | OF MATERIALS: Feroelectric effect: Curie-Weiss Law – ferroelectric domains, P-E hysteresis loop. |
| | Elementary band theory: Kronig-Penny model – band gap(no |
| | derivation) – conductor, semiconductor (P and N type) and insulator |
| | |
| UNIT-V | -conductivity of semiconductor – mobility – Hall effect – |
| | measurement of conductivity (four probe method) - Hall coefficient. |
| | Superconductivity: Experimental results –critical temperature – |
| | critical magnetic field – Meissner effect –type-I and type-II |
| | superconductors – London's equation and penetration depth – |
| | isotope effect – idea of BCS theory (no derivation) |
| UNIT-VI | PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS: Expert lectures –seminars — |
| ONII-VI | webinars – industry inputs – social accountability – patriotism |
| | 1. Introduction to Solid State Physics, Kittel, Willey Eastern Ltd (2003). |
| | 2. Solid state Physics, Rita John,1st edition, TataMcGraw Hill publishers |
| | (2014). |
| | 3. Solid State Physics, R L Singhal, Kedarnath Ram Nathand Co., Meerut |
| | (2003) |
| | 4. Elements of Solid State Physics, J.P. Srivastava, 2nd Edition, 2006, |
| | Prentice-Hall of India |
| TEVT DOOKS | 5. Introduction to Solids, Leonid V. Azaroff, 2004, Tata Mc-Graw |
| TEXT BOOKS | Hill |
| | 6. Solid State Physics, N.W. Ashcroft and N.D. Mermin, 1976, |
| | Cengage Learning |
| | 7. Solid-state Physics, H. Ibach and H. Luth, 2009, Springer |
| | 8. Elementary Solid State Physics, 1/e M. Ali Omar, 1999, Pearson |
| | India |
| | 9. Solid State Physics, M.A. Wahab, 2011, Narosa Publishing House, |
| | ND |
| | 1. PuriandBabber – Solid State Physics – S.ChandandCo. New Delhi. |
| | 2. Kittel - Introduction to solid state physics, Wiley and Sons, 7 th |
| | edition. |
| REFERENCE | 3. Raghavan - Materials science and Engineering, PHI |
| BOOKS | 4. Azaroff - Introduction to solids, TMH |
| | 5. S. O. Pillai - Solid State Physics, Narosa publication |
| | 6. A.J. Dekker - Solid State Physics, McMillan India Ltd. |
| | O. A.J. Dekker - Bolid State I Hysics, McMillall Illula Liu. |

| | 7. Elements of Solid State Physics, J.P. Srivastava, 2nd Edition, 2006, Prentice-Hall of India |
|-----------|--|
| WEB | 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115105099/ |
| RESOURCES | 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115106061/ |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

| | CO1 | Classify the bonding and crystal structure also learn about the |
|--------------------|-----|---|
| | COI | crystal structure analysis using X ray diffraction. |
| | CO2 | Understand the lattice dynamics and thus learn the electrical |
| | CO2 | and thermal properties of materials. |
| COURSEO UTCOMES | CO3 | Give reason for classifying magnetic material on the basis of |
| UTCOMES | | their behaviour. |
| CO | | Comprehend the dielectric behavior of materials. |
| | COF | Appreciate the ferroelectric and super conducting properties of |
| CO5 | | materials. |

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | S | M | S | S | S | S | S | M | S | S |
| CO2 | M | S | M | S | M | M | S | M | M | M |
| CO3 | S | M | S | M | S | M | M | S | S | S |
| CO4 | S | S | S | S | M | S | S | M | M | M |
| CO5 | S | M | M | S | S | M | S | M | M | S |

| COURSE | SIXTH SEMESTER – CORE PRACTICAL | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| COURSETITLE | PRACTICAL - VI ELECTRON | PRACTICAL - VI ELECTRONICS | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| COURSE CODE | 23BPH6P1 | | | | | | |
| CREDITS | 4 | Hours:6 | | | | | |
| COURSE | To perform basic experiments on o | characteristics of electronic devices | | | | | |
| OBJECTIVES | and then get into the application | ns such as amplifiers, oscillators, | | | | | |
| | counters, multivibrators. Perform | m fundamental experiments on | | | | | |
| | microprocessor 8085 and learn to v | write programs by themselves. | | | | | |

Electronics

Minimum of Eight Experiments from the list:

- 1. Zener diode voltage regulations
- 2. Bride rectifier using diodes
- 3. Clipping and clamping circuits using diodes.
- 4. Characteristics of a transistor (CE mode)
- 5. Characteristics of a transistor (CB mode).
- 6. RC coupled CE transistor amplifier single stage.
- 7. Transistor Emitter follower.
- 8. Colpitt's oscillator -transistor.
- 9. Hartley oscillator transistor.
- 10. Astable multivibrator transistor.
- 11. Bistable multivibrator transistor.
- 12. FET characteristics.
- 13. FET amplifier (common drain)
- 14. UJT -characteristics
- 15. AC circuits with L,C,R -Series resonance.
- 16. AC circuits with L,C,R Parallel resonance.
- 17. Operational amplifier inverting amplifier and summing.
- 18. Operational amplifier non-inverting amplifier and summing.
- 19. Operational amplifier differential amplifier
- 20. Operational amplifier differentiator and integrator.
- 21. Operational amplifier D/A converter by binary resistor method.
- 22. 5V, IC Regulated power supply.
- 23. Construction of seven segment display.
- 24. Study of gate ICs NOT, OR, AND, NOR, NAND, XOR, XNOR
- 25. Verification of De Morgan's theorem using ICs –NOT, OR, AND
- 26. NAND as universal building block.
- 27. NOR as universal building block.
- 28. Half adder / Half subtractor using basic logic gate ICs
- 29. Microprocessor 8085 addition (8 bit only)
- 30. Microprocessor 8085 subtraction (8 bit only)
- 31. Microprocessor 8085 multiplication (8 bit only)
- 32. Microprocessor 8085 division (8 bit only)
- 33. Microprocessor 8085 square (8 bit only)

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| COURSE CODE | SIXTH SEMESTER – DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE – III A | T/P | C | H/W | | | |
|-------------------|---|---------|------|----------|--|--|--|
| COURSE TITLE | DIGITAL ELECTRONICS AND | | | _ | | | |
| | MICROPROCESSOR 8085 | T | 3 | 5 | | | |
| COURSE CODE | 23BPH6E1 | | | | | | |
| COURSE | To learn all types of number systems, Boolean algebra a | | | | | | |
| OBJECTIVES | digital circuits for addition and subtraction, flip-flop | | | | | | |
| | counters. To get the knowledge on fundamentals of 8085 architecture, | | | | | | |
| TIN ITTO | instruction sets and simple programs. | | | | | | |
| UNITS | COURSE DETAILS | | 1 . | 1 ' | | | |
| | Decimal, binary, octal, hexadecimal numbers systems and their | | | | | | |
| | conversions – codes: BCD, gray and excess-3 codes –code | | | | | | |
| | -complements (1's, 2's, 9's and 10's) -binary additional distribution of the complements (1's, 2's, 9's and 10's) | | | | | | |
| UNIT-I | subtraction using 1's and 2's complement methods – Bo | | | | | | |
| | De-Morgan's theorem –basic logic gates -universal logic g | | | | | | |
| | and NOR) –standard representation of logic functions (SOI | and | PO | S) - | | | |
| | minimization techniques (Karnaughmap: 2, 3, 4 variables). | | | | | | |
| | Adders, half and full adder -subtractors, half and full | | | | | | |
| UNIT-II | parallel binary adder – magnitude comparator – multiplexers (4:1) and | | | | | | |
| | demultiplexers (1:4), encoder (8-line-to-3- line) and decoder (3-line-to- | | | | | | |
| | 8-line), BCD to seven segment decoder. | | | | | | |
| | Flip-flops: S-R Flip-flop, J-K Flip-flop, T and D typ | oe flij | p-fl | ops, | | | |
| | master-slave flip-flop, truth tables, registers:- serial in se | | | | | | |
| | parallel in and parallel out - counters asynchronous:-mod | d-8, n | nod | l-10, | | | |
| | synchronous - 4-bit and ring counter – general memory | y ope | rati | ons, | | | |
| UNIT-III | ROM, RAM (static and dynamic), PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, | | | | | | |
| | EAROM. IC – logic families: RTL, DTL, TTL logic, CMOS NAND | | | | | | |
| | and NOR Gates, CMOS Inverter, Programmable Logic Devices - | | | | | | |
| | Programmable Logic Array (PLA), Programmable Array Logic (PAL). | | | | | | |
| | 8085 Microprocessor : Introduction to microprocessor – | | | | | | |
| | architecture - register organization -pin configuration | n of | 8 | 085, | | | |
| | interrupts and its priority - Program Status Word (PSW) | -ins | ruc | tion | | | |
| LINIT IV | set of 8085 -addressing modes of 8085 -assemb | ly la | ngı | ıage | | | |
| UNIT-IV | programming using 8085 –programmes for addition (8-Bit | and | 16- | Bit), | | | |
| | subtraction (8-Bit and 16-Bit), multiplication (8-Bit), division (8-Bit) | | | | | | |
| | - largest and smallest number in an array - BCD to ASCII and ASCII | | | | | | |
| | to BCD. | | | | | | |
| | I/O Interfaces: Serial communication interface (8251 | -USA | RT | <u> </u> | | | |
| TIMITE X7 | programmable peripheral interface (8255-PPI) –programmable interval | | | | | | |
| UNIT-V | timers (8253) – keyboard and display (8279), DMA controller (8237). | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| UNIT-VI | PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS: Expert lectures –seminars — |
|--------------------|--|
| UNII-VI | webinars – industry inputs – social accountability – patriotism |
| | 1. M.Morris Mano, "Digital Design "3rd Edition, PHI, NewDelhi. |
| | 2. Ronald J. Tocci. "Digital Systems-Principles and Applications" 6/e. |
| | PHI. New Delhi. 1999.(UNITS I to IV) |
| | 3. S.Salivahanaand S. Arivazhagan-Digital circuits and design |
| TEXT BOOKS | 4. Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with |
| | the 8085 – Penram International Publishing, Mumbai Ramesh |
| | S.Gaonakar |
| | 5. Microcomputer Systems the 8086/8088 family – YU-Cheng Liu and |
| | GlenSA |
| | 1. Herbert Taub and Donald Schilling. "Digital Integrated Electronics" |
| | . McGraw Hill. 1985. |
| | 2. S.K. Bose. "Digital Systems". 2/e. New Age International.1992. |
| DEFEDENCE | 3. D.K. Anvekar and B.S. Sonade. "Electronic Data Converters: |
| REFERENCE BOOKS | Fundamentals and Applications". TMH.1994. |
| DOOKS | 4. Malvino and Leach. "Digital Principles and Applications". TMG |
| | HillEdition |
| | 5. Microprocessors and Interfacing – Douglas V.Hall |
| | 6. Microprocessor and Digital Systems – Douglas V.Hall |
| WEB | 1. https://youtu.be/-paFaxtTCkI |
| RESOURCES | 2. https://youtu.be/s1DSZEaCX_g |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

| | CO1 | Learn about number systems, Boolean algebra, logical | | | | | |
|----------|-----|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | COI | operation and logic gates | | | | | |
| COLIDCEO | CO2 | Understand the working of adder, subractors, multiplexers and | | | | | |
| COURSEO | COZ | demultiplexers. | | | | | |
| UTCOMES | CO3 | Get knowledge on flip-flops and storage devices. | | | | | |
| | CO4 | Gain inputs on architecture of microprocessor 8085. | | | | | |
| | CO5 | Develop program writing skills .on microprocessor 8085. | | | | | |

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUT COMES:

| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | S | M | S | S | S | S | S | M | S | S |
| CO2 | M | S | M | S | M | M | S | M | M | M |
| CO3 | S | M | S | M | S | M | M | S | S | S |
| CO4 | S | S | S | S | M | S | S | M | M | M |
| CO5 | S | M | M | S | S | M | S | M | M | S |

| Course Code | Category | | Semester-VI | | T/P | С | H/W |
|---------------------|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| 23ВРН6Е2 | DSE-III B | DIGITAL F | PHOTOGRAPH | Y | T | 3 | 5 |
| and the scie | ence and a | irts behind i | he principles of part. To understand the different in | id the essen | tial o | compon | ents of |
| UNITS | | | COURSE DE | ETAILS | | | |
| UNIT-I | FORMAT wavelength light form images – 1 of closer s | hs, colours – images –pinens instead oubjects. | iple –chemical shadows – light n-hole images – f pin-hole – focal | route and continued intensity and practical lind length and i | digital d dist nitatio mage | route rance – ons to p size – i | making pin-hole imaging |
| UNIT-II | length and f-numbers | angle of view (problems) | LLING THE IM w (problems) – for depth of fire digital cameras | ocusing move eld– depth | ement of f | – apert | ture and |
| UNIT-III | componen camera typ | ts- shutter - | LMS AND ITS aperture – light nera– view findera | t measureme | nt – : | film ho | using – |
| UNIT-IV | image cap megapixel image stab (TIFF, RA | turing –comp – grain, nois oilizer – bit do AW and JPE | PRINCIPLE A arison of digital e and pixel densi epth — white bala G) — storage canct camera — hybr | and analog p ty – optical a nce – colour rds and type: | oicture nd dig mode s – d | e inform gital zoo s – file ligital c | nation – oming – formats |
| UNIT-V | and its p navigating contrast – retouching histogram/ | eripherals – the image – colour balar removing levels – curv | GE – POSTPRO software: savir undo/redo/histor nce – hue/saturat g an element in es – selection too laser printer – o | DUCTION: ng digital fi y - crop - ro tion - dodge an image - ols: magic wa | Hardy le – tate – /burn – ady and – | ware: co basic brightn – clon vanced printing | editing: ness and ing and editing: g digital |
| TEXT BOOKS | photogr 2. Henry people, | raphy, 9 th Edit Carroll, Read Laurence Kin | , Anna Fox and ion, , 2010-NL, For this if you was graph Publishing | Focal press, L ant to take g | ondoi reat | n photogr | aphs of |
| REFEREN CE BOOKS | 2006, F 2. Paul H UK PR | ocal press, Lo arcourt David ESS | Photography in ondon es, The Photogra | | | | |
| METHOD OF | EVALUAT | TION: | | | | | |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Course Code | e Category | Semester-VI | T/P | C | H/W | | |
|--------------------|--|--|----------|---------------------|------------|--|--|
| 23BPH6E3 | DSE-III C | MEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION | T | 3 | 5 | | |
| Learning O | bjective: This | course aims to provide background of the Ph | ysics p | rincip | oles in | | |
| medical inst | rumentation te | chnologies through theoretical and practical le | earning | 5. | | | |
| UNITS | | COURSE DETAILS | | | | | |
| | BIOMETRIC | CS: Introduction to man-instrument system and | d its co | mpon | ents – | | |
| | problems enco | ountered in measuring living systems - transduc | ers- fo | rce, m | iotion, | | |
| IINIT I | pressure transc | lucers. | | | | | |
| UNIT-I | AUDIOMET | RY: Mechanism of hearing – air and bone con- | duction | - thre | eshold | | |
| | of hearing - | audiometer - masking in audiometry - pure | e tone | and s | speech | | |
| | audiometer – evoked response audiometry – hearing aids | | | | | | |
| | | RIC POTENTIALS AND ELECTRODES: B | iomedi | cal sig | nals – | | |
| | | electric potentials - resting, action and propag | | _ | | | |
| | potentials –bio-potential electrodes – skin surface, needle electrodes. | | | | | | |
| UNIT-II | • | L RECORDERS: Electro-conduction system | | | electro | | |
| | | ECG) – Einthoven's triangle — electro encept | | | | | |
| | | EEG instrumentation – recording of evoked | _ | | | | |
| | | IG)–pulse oximeter. | | | | | |
| | • • • | C RADIOLOGY: Radiography – primary ra | diologi | cal in | າage _ | | |
| | | | arorogi | - | iuge | | |
| | contrast agents, filters – beam restrictor, grid – image quality COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY: linear tomography – computed tomography | | | | | | |
| | - helical and multi slice – image quality– radiation dose. | | | | | | |
| UNIT-III | | | Radio | isotop | oes – | | |
| | | euticals – technetium generator – gamma o | camera | – pc | sitron | | |
| | | graphy – disposal of radioactive waste. | | | | | |
| | | ND IMAGING: Ultrasound transducer – ult | | d ima | ıging– | | |
| | | ound – ultrasound image quality and bio-effects | | , • | C 11 | | |
| UNIT-IV | | RESONANCE IMAGING: Proton and extern | | | | | |
| | • | radiofrequency and resonance – MRI signal – ntation – imaging sequences – biosafety | - relaxa | illon i | ıme – | | |
| | | SSIGNMENT: Clinical practice of <i>one</i> of the | follow | ving: 6 | electro | | |
| UNIT-V | | electro encephalogram, electro myogram, e | | | | | |
| | | ography, positron emission tomography, ultraso | | | <i>U</i> , | | |
| | | nwell, Fred Weibell, Erich Pfieffer (2002) Biom | | | | | |
| | Instrumenta | tion and Measurements Prentice Hall of India, | New D | elhi. | | | |
| TEXT | | lpur (2003) Handbook of Biomedical Instrumer | ntation | 2 nd Edi | n. | | |
| BOOKS | | w Hill, New Delhi. | nd- 4 | _ | | | |
| | | Thayalan (2017), Basic Radiological Physics 2 | "Edn. | Jaype | e | | |
| | | edical Publishers (P) Ltd, New Delhi. | one C: | | | | |
| REFERE | | er (2004) Bioinstrumentation John Wiley and Ste, Susan Blanchard, Joseph Bronzino (200 | | | | | |
| NCE | | Engineering, 2 nd ed. Elsevier, San Deigo | oj mu | ouuci | ion io | | |
| BOOKS | | endee, Geoffrey Ibbott, Eric Hendee (2005) | Radiat | ion th | nerapy | | |
| | Physics 3 rd | ed. Wiley-Liss, New Jersey | | | 1 2 | | |
| METHOD O | | | | | | | |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Course Code | Category | Semester- VI | T/P | C | H/W | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|-----------------|--------|---------|--|--|--|
| 23BPH6E4 | DSE-IV A | ADVANCED MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS | T | 3 | 5 | | | |
| Learning Object | ctive: The fundar | mentals of matrices and vector calculus learnt in ea | rlier o | cours | se will | | | |
| | | ed topics and theorems. The special functions and | | | | | | |
| partial differenti | al equations will | be of use in research at a later stage. | | | | | | |
| UNITS | | COURSE DETAILS | | | | | | |
| UNIT-I | conjugate tran Hermitian – or | MATRICES: Introduction – special types of matrices – transpose – conjugate – conjugate transpose – symmetric and anti symmetric – Hermitian and skew Hermitian – orthogonal and unitary – properties – characteristic equation – roots and characteristic vectors – diagonalization – Cayley–Hamilton theorem – simple problems | | | | | | |
| UNIT-II | VECTOR CALCULUS: Voperator – divergence – second derivative of vector functions or fields –Laplacian operator – curl of a vector – line integral – line Integral of a vector field around an infinitesimal rectangle – curl of conservative field – surface integral – volume integral (without problem) – Gauss's divergence theorem and proof – Stroke's theorem and proof –simple problems. | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-III | SPECIAL FUNCTIONS: Definition –Beta function – Gamma function – evaluation of Beta function – other forms of Beta function – evaluation of Gamma function – other forms of Gamma function – relation between Beta and Gamma functions – simple problems. | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-IV | FROBENIUS METHOD AND SPECIAL FUNCTIONS: Singular points of second order linear differential equations and importance –singularities of Bessels and Laguerre equations, Frobenius method and applications to differential equations: Legendre and Hermite differential equations – Legendre and Hermite polynomials – Rodrigues formula –generating function – | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-V | PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS: Solutions to partial differential equations using separation of variables - Laplace's equation in problems of rectangular – cylindrical and spherical symmetry – conducting and dielectric sphere in an external uniform electric field – wave equation and its solution for vibrational modes of a stretched string | | | | | | | |
| TEXT BOOKS | (2006) | al Physics, B.D. Gupta-Vikas Publishing House, 4 al Physics, SatyaPrakash (Sultan Chand) | th Ed | ition | | | | |
| REFERENC E BOOKS | 7th Edn., El 2. Mathematic 3. Advanced E 4. Mathematic | al MethodsorPhysicists,G.B.Arfken,H.J.Weber,F.E sevier) al Physics–H. K. Dass, Dr. Rama Verma (S. Chand Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig (Wiley I al Physics and Special Relativity, M. Das, P.K. Jer ishnaPrakashan) | l Publ ndia) | lishir | ng) | | | |

METHOD OF EVALUATION:

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Course Coo | de Category | Semester VI | T/P | C | H/W | | | | |
|----------------|--|--|------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 23BPH6E | 5 DSE-IV B | LASER AND FIBER OPTICS | T | 3 | 5 | | | | |
| | U | he students will learn the fundamentals, | · 1 | | | | | | |
| | ation and their | applications also the interconnect between o | ptics with | laser | s. | | | | |
| UNITS | | COURSE DETAILS | | | | | | | |
| | | NTALS OF LASER: Basic principles: spon | | | | | | | |
| | emission – E | instein's coefficient - pumping mechanism | optical, | electri | ical and | | | | |
| UNIT-I | laser pumpin | g - population inversion - two and three | e level las | ser sy | /stem – | | | | |
| | resonator con | figuration - quality factor - threshold con | dition – o | conce | pt of Q | | | | |
| | switching-Th | eory of mode locking—cavity dumping. | | | | | | | |
| | TYPES OF | LASER: Solid state laser: ruby laser, No | :YAG las | ser, N | d:Glass | | | | |
| | laser. Semi | conductor laser: Intrinsic semicond | luctor la | iser, | doped | | | | |
| UNIT-II | | rlaser, injection laser - dye laser - chemica | | | | | | | |
| | CO ₂ , CO ch | emical laser. Gas laser: neutral atom ga | s laser (F | le-Ne | : laser), | | | | |
| | CO ₂ laser, Co ₁ | pper vapour laser. | | | | | | | |
| | | ONS OF LASER: Application of laser i | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-III | | communication - material processing: laser instrumentation of material | | | | | | | |
| | processing, powder feeder, laser heating, laser welding, laser melting – medical | | | | | | | | |
| | | Laser instrumentation for surgeries—laser in | | | -4: | | | | |
| | | FICS: Basic components of optical fill | | | | | | | |
| | principles of light propagation through fiber – total internal reflection – optical fiber – coherent bundle – numerical aperture and skew mode – phase shift and | | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-IV | attenuation during total internal reflection – types of fiber: single mode and | | | | | | | | |
| | multi-mode fiber – step index and graded index fiber – fiber optic sensors – | | | | | | | | |
| | application of fiber optics. | | | | | | | | |
| | CHARACTI | ERISTICS AND FABRICATION OF OPT | ΓICAL F | BER | : Fiber | | | | |
| | characteristic | s: mechanical and transmission characteris | stics - ab | sorpti | on loss | | | | |
| UNIT-V | | g loss measurements - dispersion - connect | | | | | | | |
| | | optical time domain reflectometer (OTDI | c) and its | uses | fiber | | | | |
| | material – fib | er fabrication – fiber optic cables design. | | | | | | | |
| TEXT BO | NOKS | | | | | | | | |

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. B.B. Laud Laser and Non-linear Optics, New Age International Publications Third Edition,
- 2. An Introduction to laser, theory and applications by Avadhunulu, M.N.S., Chand and Co, New Delhi
- 3. J. Wilson and J.F.B. Hawkes. 'Introduction to Opto Electronics', Pearson Education, 2018.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. A.Sennaroglu, "PhotonicsandLaserEngineering:Principles,DevicesandApplications" McGraw-HillEducation,2010.
- K.R.Nambiar, "Lasers: Principles, Types and Applications", New Age International, 2004.
 Optic, AjoyGhatak, McGraw-Hill Education (India) Pvt, Ltd, 6th Edn., 2017.

| Continuous Internal Assessment | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Course Code | Category | Semester VI | T/P | C | H/W | |
|------------------------|--|---|-----|---|----------|--|
| 23BPH6PR DSE-IV C | | PROJECT | PR | 3 | 5 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Learning Objective: | ✓ | ✓ To introduce the basic idea of doing a Project ✓ To increase the creativity of the students ✓ Make the students to think and enhance the depth of the subject knowledge | | | | |
| Course Deta | ils Any E | s Any Experimental or Electronics Project | | | | |
| Outcomes | The students will able to get basic idea of doing project and increases he depth of subject knowledge by doing experiments | | | | ases his | |

| Continuous Internal Assessment | | End Semester Examination | Total | Grade |
|--------------------------------|----|--------------------------|-------|-------|
| | 25 | 75 | 100 | |

| Title of Course | the | ESSENTIAL REASONING AND QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|----|---------|------------------|------------|--------------|----------|
| Paper Number | | Professional Competency Skill | | | | | | |
| Category | PCS | Year | II | Credits | | 2 Course C | | rse Code |
| | | Semester | IV | | | | 23BPH6S1 | |
| Instructional Hours per week | | Lecture | Tu | torial | Lab Practice Tot | | Total | |
| | | 1 | 1 | | - 2 | | 2 | |
| Objectives Course | of the | Develop Problem solving skills for competitative examinations Understand the concepts of averages , simple interest , compour interest | | | | | | |
| UNIT-I: | | Quantitative Aptitude: Simplifications=averages-Concepts –problem-Problems on numbers-Short cuts- concepts –Problems | | | | | | |
| UNIT-II: | | Profit and Loss –short cuts-Concepts –Problems –Time and work Short –uts -Concepts -Problems. | | | | | nd work - | |
| UNIT-III: | NIT-III: Simple interest –compound interest- Concepts- Prolems | | | | | | | |
| UNIT-IV: | | Verbal Reasoning: Analogy- coding and decoding –Directions and distance –Blood Relation | | | | | and distance | |
| UNIT-V: | | Analytical Reasoning: Data sufficiency | | | | | | |
| | | Non-Verbal Reasoning : Analogy ,Classification and series | | | | | | |
| Skills ac | quired ourse | Studnets relating the concepts of compound interest and simple interest | | | | | | |
| Recommend Text | ded | 1."Quantitative Aptitude" by R.S aggarwal ,S.Chand & Company Ltd 2007 | | | | | mpany Ltd | |
| Website and e-Learning Source | d | https://nptel.ac.in | | | | | | |